

3rd Workshop on Memory-Centric Computing: Processing-Near-Memory

Dr. Geraldo F. Oliveira

<https://geraldofojunior.github.io>

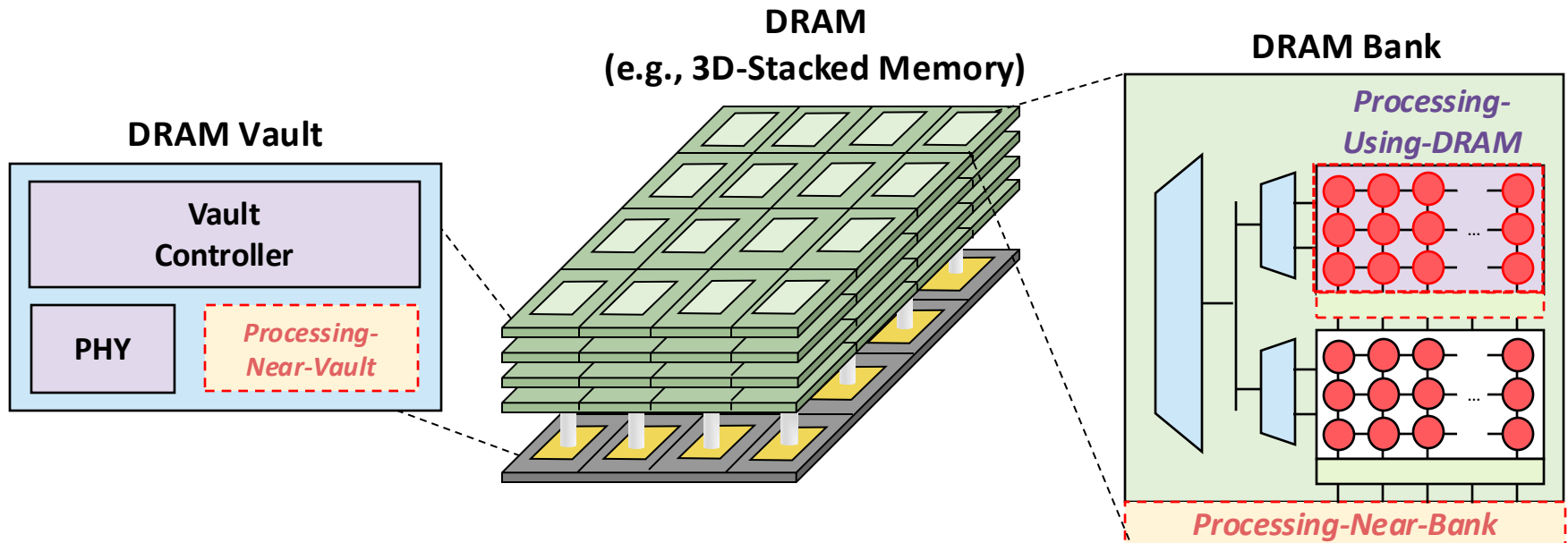
ISCA 2025

21 June 2025

Processing-in-Memory: Overview

Two main approaches for Processing-in-Memory:

- 1 Processing-Near-Memory:** PIM logic is added to the same die as memory or to the logic layer of 3D-stacked memory
- 2 Processing-Using-Memory:** uses the operational principles of memory cells to perform computation



When to Employ PNM

Mobile consumer workloads

(GoogleWL²)

Graph processing

(Tesseract¹)

Neural networks

(GoogleWL²)

Databases

(Polynesia⁵)

Processing-
near-Memory

Time series analysis

(NATSA⁶)

DNA

sequence mapping
(GenASM³; GRIM-Filter⁴)

...

[1] Ahn+, "A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing," ISCA, 2015

[2] Boroumand+, "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks," ASPLOS, 2018

[3] Cali+, "GenASM: A High-Performance, Low-Power Approximate String Matching Acceleration Framework for Genome Sequence Analysis," MICRO, 2020

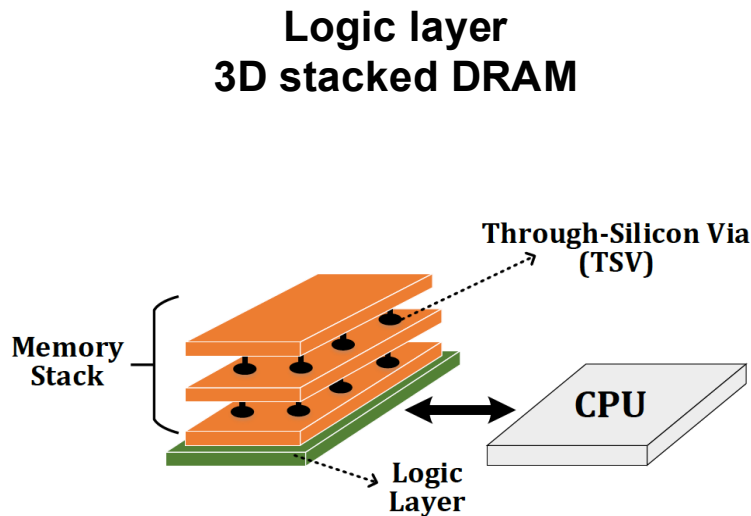
[4] Kim+, "GRIM-Filter: Fast Seed Location Filtering in DNA Read Mapping Using Processing-in-Memory Technologies," BMC Genomics, 2018

[5] Boroumand+, "Polynesia: Enabling High-Performance and Energy-Efficient Hybrid Transactional/Analytical Databases with Hardware/Software Co-Design," ICDE, 2022

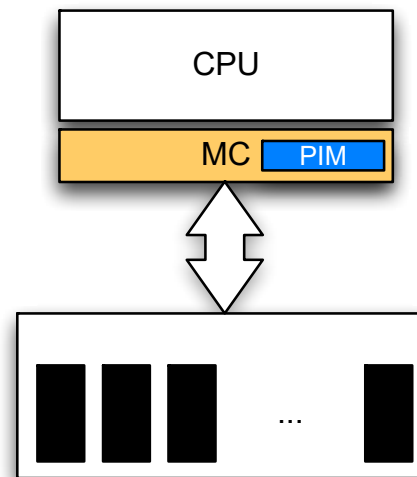
[6] Fernandez+, "NATSA: A Near-Data Processing Accelerator for Time Series Analysis," ICCD, 2020

Processing Near-Memory (PNM)

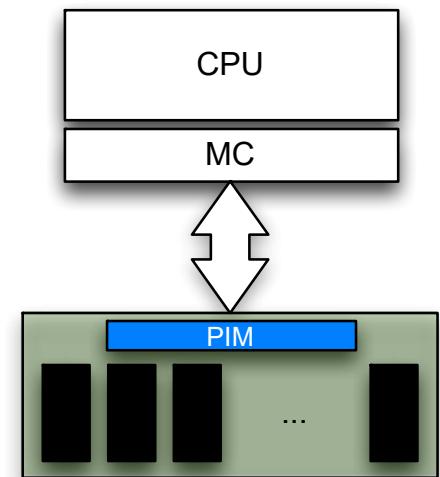
- Processing Near-Memory (PNM)
 - Move **computation** closer to **where the data resides**



Memory controller



Memory module
(DIMM)



PNM: Design Challenges

- Limited power & area budget with 3D-stacked memories
 - e.g., area and power budget of the vault's underlying logic layer is just 4.4mm² and 312mW (circa HMC 2.0)
- Strict thermal constraints
 - It requires cooling solutions to remove heat throughout a 3D stack (i.e., volume-wise) instead of a 2D surface
- Challenging manufacturing of logic+DRAM
 - Logic process has been developed for speed performance, DRAM process for density and memory reliability
 - e.g., Logic gates implemented with memory process slows down by ~21.5% [Kim+, Integration'99]

Tesseract System for Graph Processing

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungpack Hong, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoun Choi,
"A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing"
Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Portland, OR, June 2015.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.
Selected to the ISCA-50 25-Year Retrospective Issue covering 1996-2020 in 2023 (Retrospective (pdf) Full Issue).

A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing

Junwhan Ahn Sungpack Hong[§] Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoun Choi
junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungpack.hong@oracle.com, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr
Seoul National University [§]Oracle Labs [†]Carnegie Mellon University

Accelerating Neural Network Inference

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Berkin Akin, Ravi Narayanaswami, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Xiaoyu Ma, Eric Shiu, and Onur Mutlu,
"Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Virtual, September 2021.
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Talk Video](#) (14 minutes)]

Google Neural Network Models for Edge Devices: Analyzing and Mitigating Machine Learning Inference Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand^{†◇}

Geraldo F. Oliveira^{*}

Saugata Ghose[‡]

Xiaoyu Ma[§]

Berkin Akin[§]

Eric Shiu[§]

Ravi Narayanaswami[§]

Onur Mutlu^{*†}

[†]*Carnegie Mellon Univ.*

[◇]*Stanford Univ.*

[‡]*Univ. of Illinois Urbana-Champaign*

[§]*Google*

^{*}*ETH Zürich*

PIM for Mobile Devices

- Amirali Boroumand, Saugata Ghose, Youngsok Kim, Rachata Ausavarungnirun, Eric Shiu, Rahul Thakur, Daehyun Kim, Aki Kuusela, Allan Knies, Parthasarathy Ranganathan, and Onur Mutlu,

"Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks"

Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Operating Systems (ASPLOS), Williamsburg, VA, USA, March 2018.

[[Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)] [[Lightning Session Slides \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)] [[Poster \(pptx\) \(pdf\)](#)]

[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (2 minutes)]

[[Full Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]

Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks

Amirali Boroumand¹

Saugata Ghose¹

Youngsok Kim²

Rachata Ausavarungnirun¹

Eric Shiu³

Rahul Thakur³

Daehyun Kim^{4,3}

Aki Kuusela³

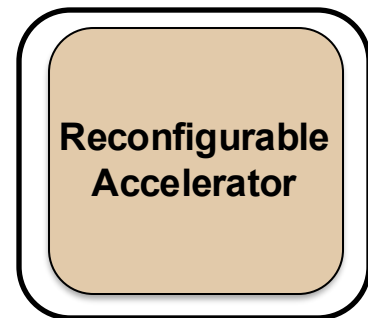
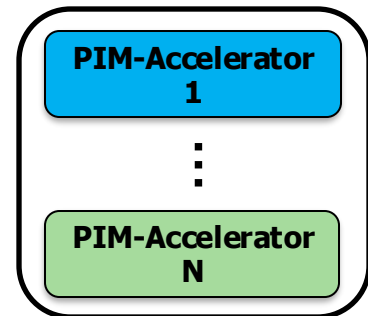
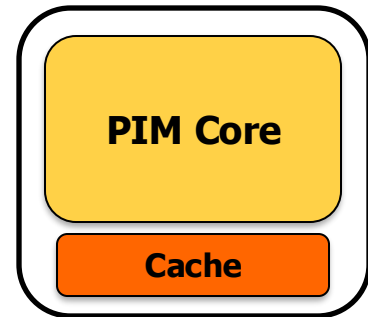
Allan Knies³

Parthasarathy Ranganathan³

Onur Mutlu^{5,1}

Possible PNM Designs

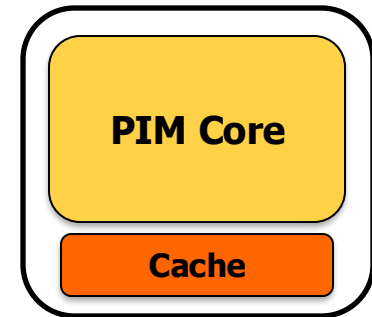
- **General-purpose** programmable cores
 - ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM
- **Fixed-function** units
 - ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM
- **Reconfigurable** architectures
 - ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



Possible PNM Designs

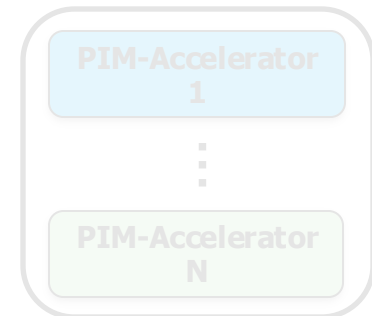
■ **General-purpose programmable cores**

- ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
- ❑ **E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing**
- ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM



■ Fixed-function units

- ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM



■ Reconfigurable architectures

- ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
- ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



Accelerating In-Memory Graph Processing

- Large graphs are everywhere (circa 2015)



36 Million
Wikipedia Pages



1.4 Billion
Facebook Users

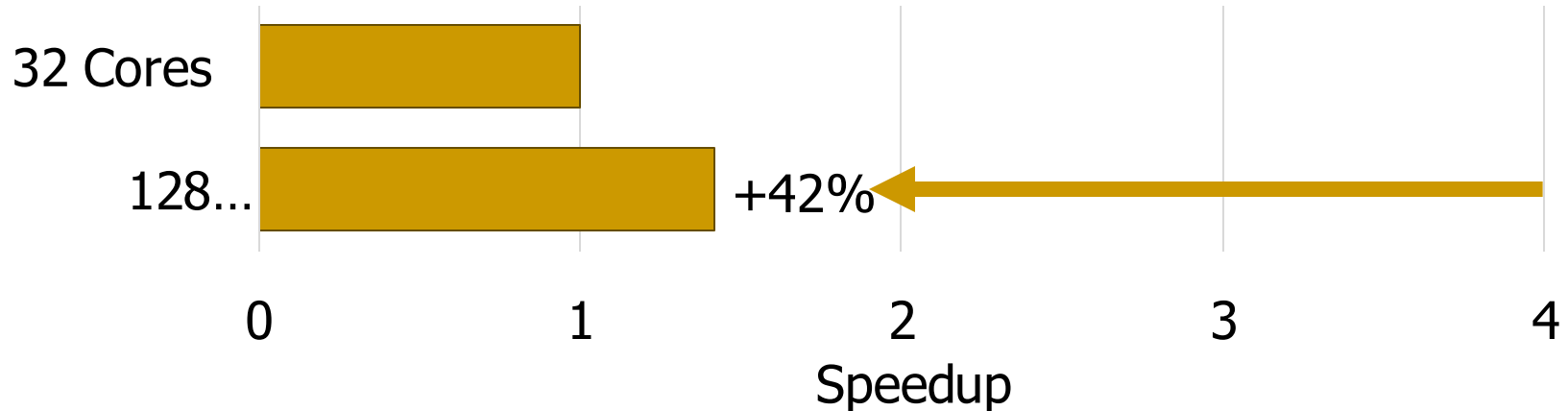


300 Million
Twitter Users



30 Billion
Instagram Photos

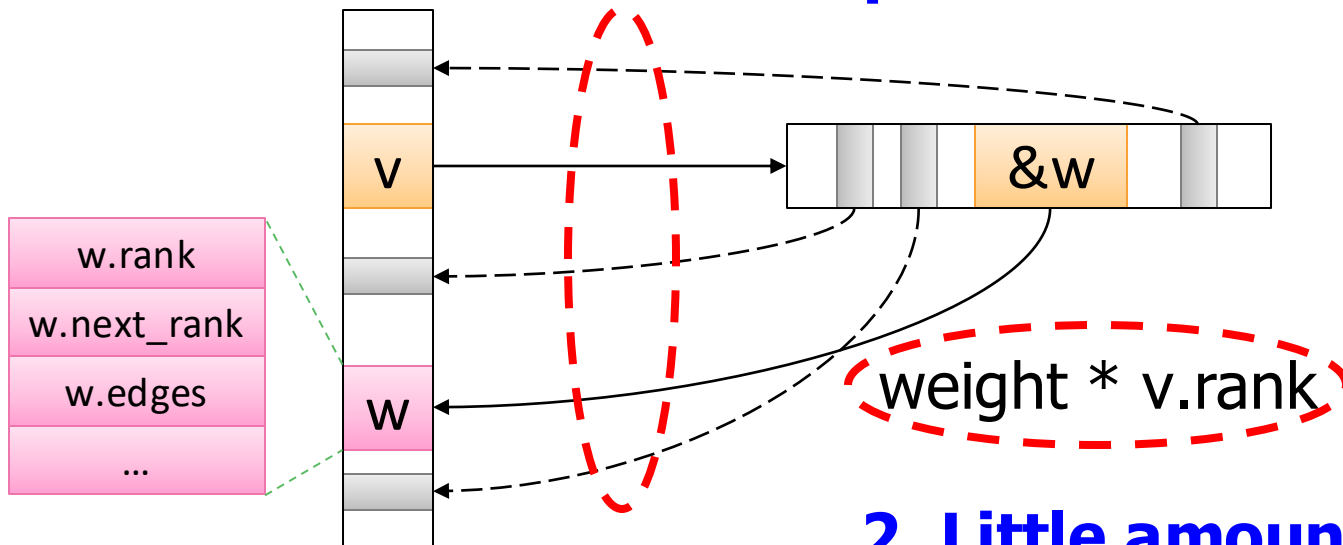
- Scalable large-scale graph processing is challenging



Key Bottlenecks in Graph Processing

```
for (v: graph.vertices) {  
  for (w: v.successors) {  
    w.next_rank += weight * v.rank;  
  }  
}
```

1. Frequent random memory accesses

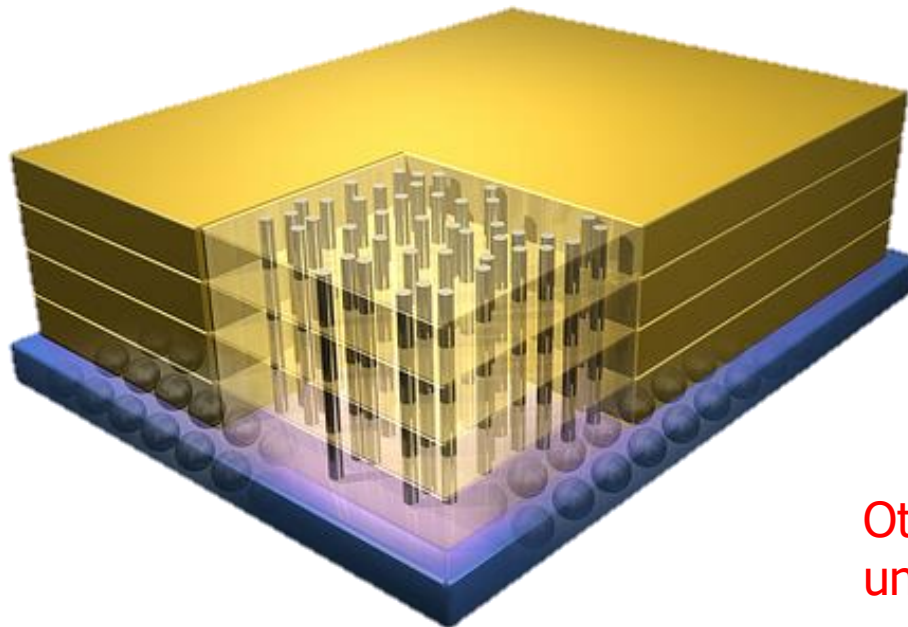


2. Little amount of computation

Opportunity: 3D-Stacked Logic+Memory



Hybrid Memory Cube
C O N S O R T I U M



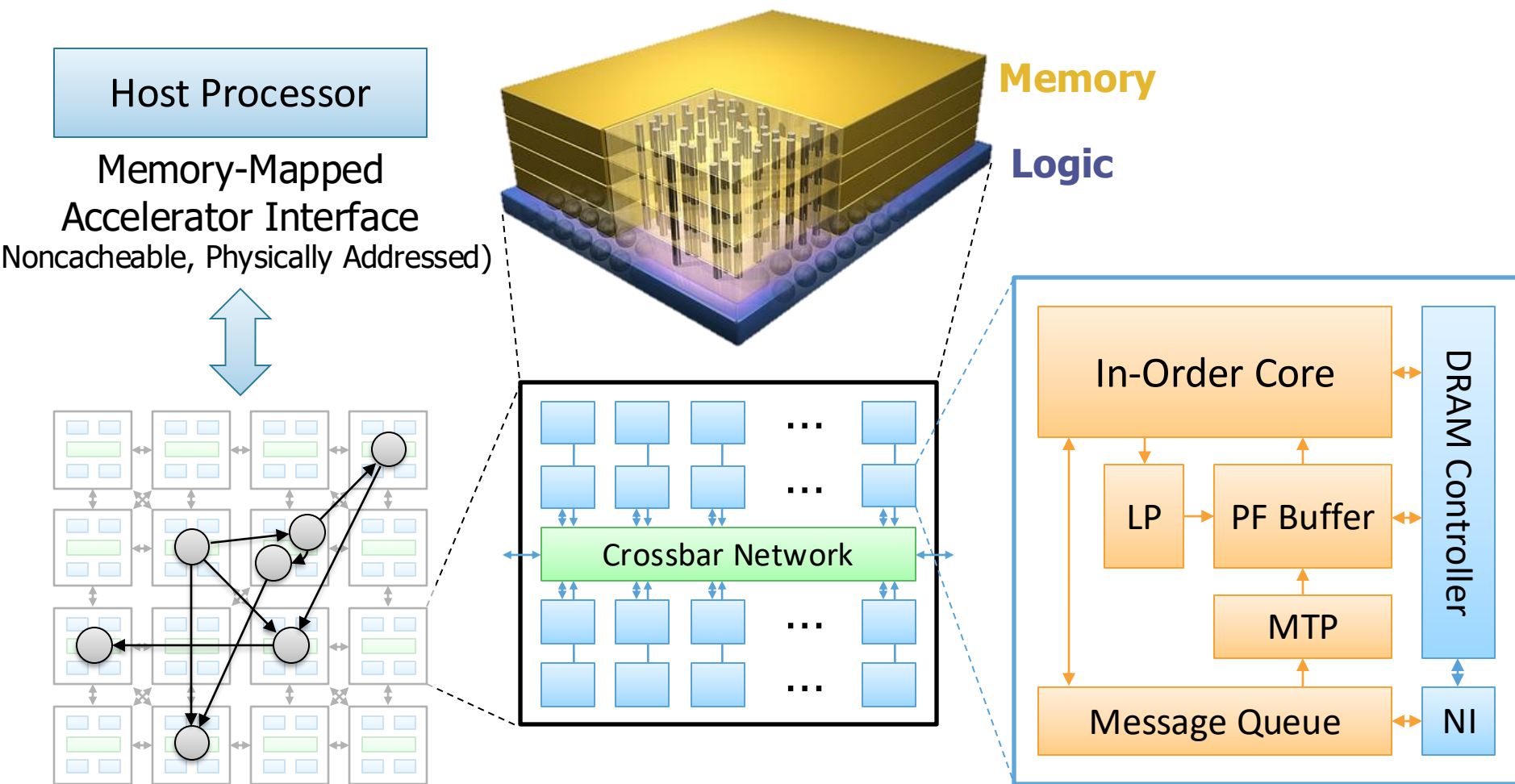
Memory

Logic

Other "True 3D" technologies
under development

Tesseract System for Graph Processing

Interconnected set of 3D-stacked memory+logic chips with simple cores



More on Tesseract

- Junwhan Ahn, Sungpack Hong, Sungjoo Yoo, Onur Mutlu, and Kiyoun Choi,
"A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing"
Proceedings of the 42nd International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA), Portland, OR, June 2015.
[Slides (pptx) (pdf)] [Lightning Session Slides (pptx) (pdf)]
Top Picks Honorable Mention by IEEE Micro.
Selected to the ISCA-50 25-Year Retrospective Issue covering 1996-2020 in 2023
(Retrospective (pdf) Full Issue).

A Scalable Processing-in-Memory Accelerator for Parallel Graph Processing

Junwhan Ahn Sungpack Hong[§] Sungjoo Yoo Onur Mutlu[†] Kiyoun Choi
junwhan@snu.ac.kr, sungpack.hong@oracle.com, sungjoo.yoo@gmail.com, onur@cmu.edu, kchoi@snu.ac.kr

Seoul National University

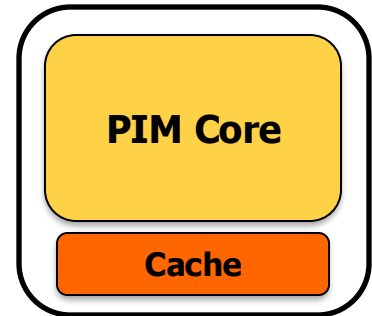
[§]Oracle Labs

[†]Carnegie Mellon University

Possible PNM Designs

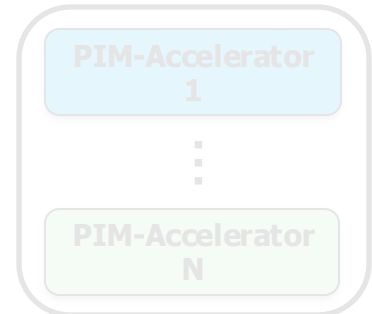
■ General-purpose programmable cores

- ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
- ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM



■ Fixed-function units

- ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM



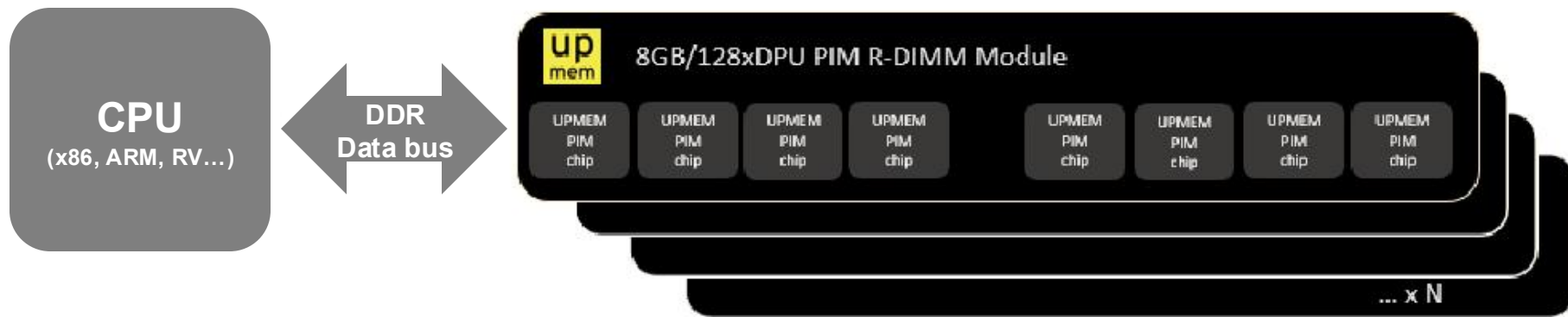
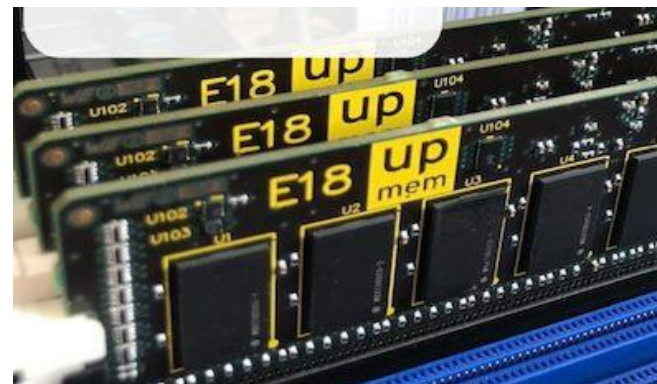
■ Reconfigurable architectures

- ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
- ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



UPMEM Processing-in-DRAM Engine (2019)

- **Processing in DRAM Engine**
- Includes **standard DIMM modules**, with a **large number of DPU processors** combined with DRAM chips.
- Replaces **standard DIMMs**
 - DDR4 R-DIMM modules
 - 8GB+128 DPUs (16 PIM chips)
 - Standard 2x-nm DRAM process
 - **Large amounts of** compute & memory bandwidth



Accelerator Model (I)

- UPMEM DIMMs coexist with conventional DIMMs
- Integration of UPMEM DIMMs in a system follows an **accelerator model**
- UPMEM DIMMs can be seen as a **loosely coupled accelerator**
 - Explicit data movement between the main processor (host CPU) and the accelerator (UPMEM)
 - Explicit kernel launch onto the UPMEM processors
- This resembles GPU computing

System Organization (I)

- FIG. 1 schematically illustrates a computing system comprising DRAM circuits having integrated processors according to an example embodiment

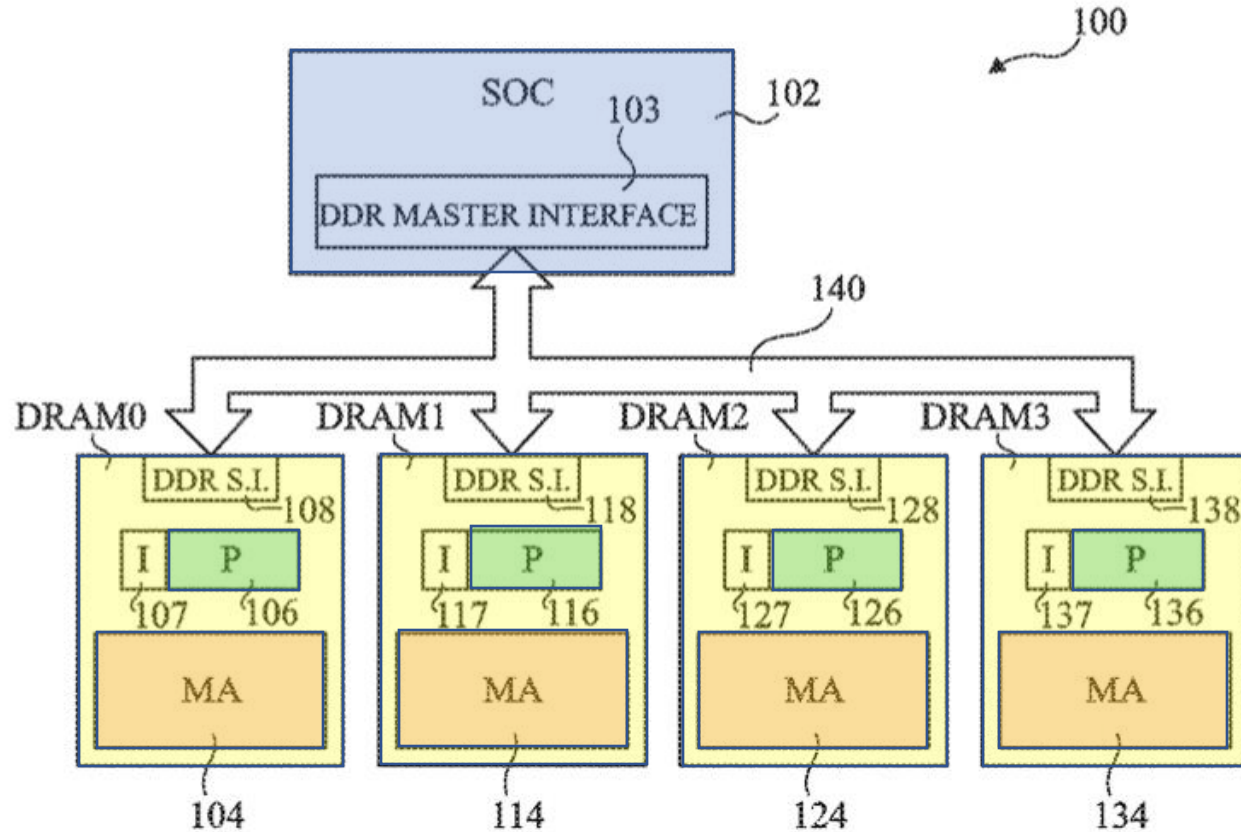
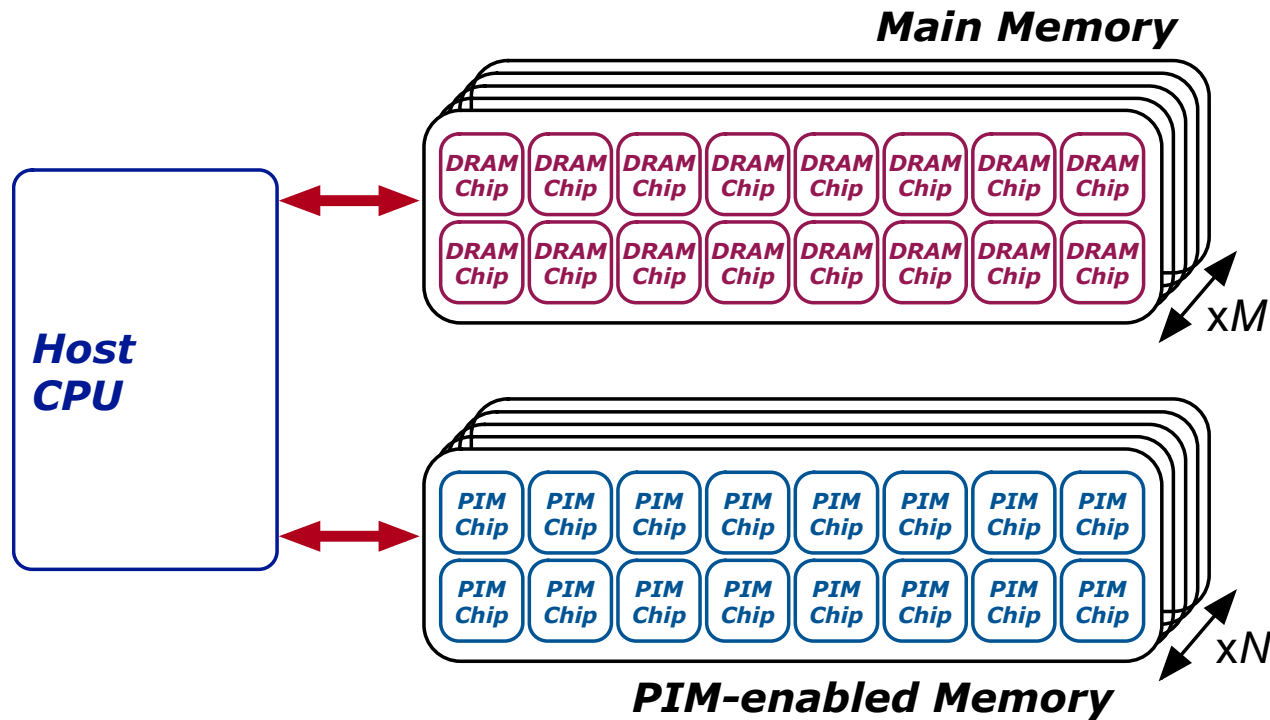


Fig 1

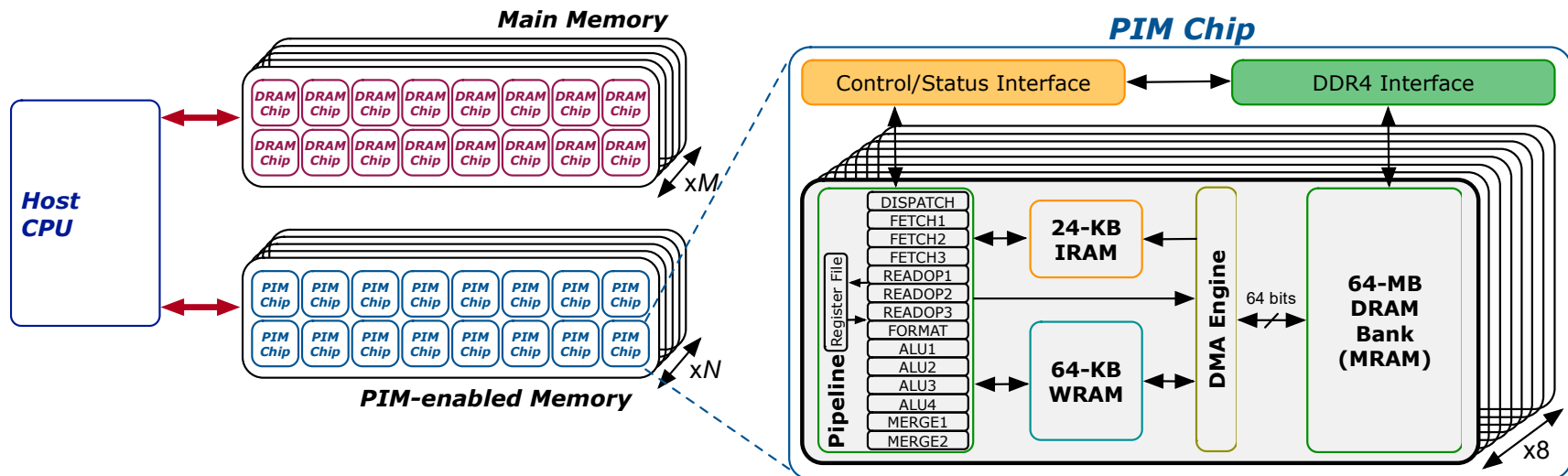
System Organization (II)

- In a UPMEM-based PIM system UPMEM DIMMs coexist with regular DDR4 DIMMs

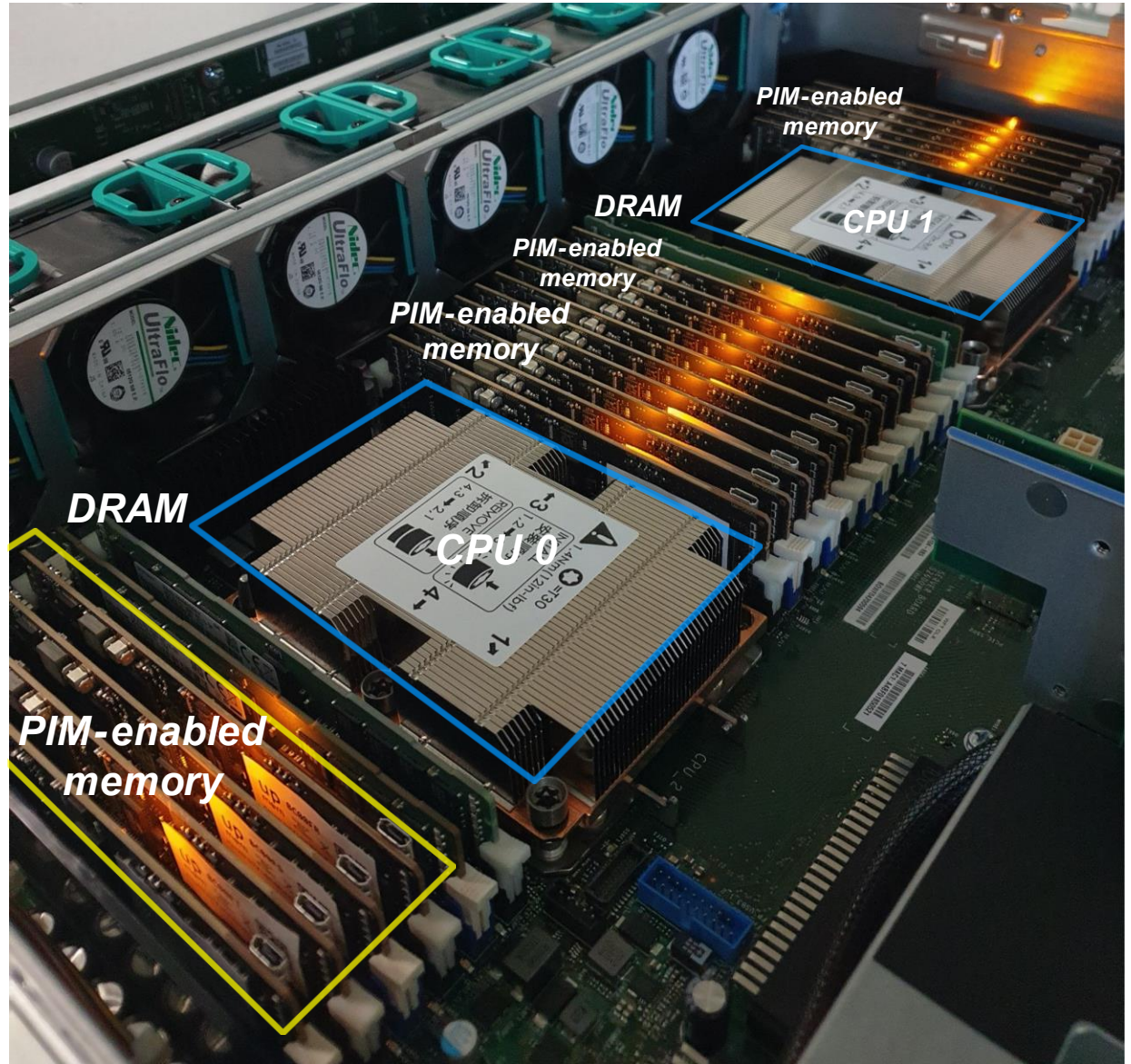
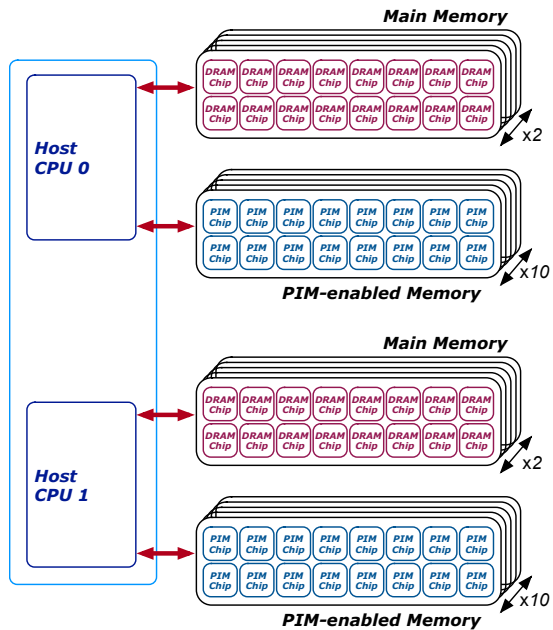


System Organization (III)

- A UPMEM DIMM contains 8 or 16 chips
 - Thus, 1 or 2 ranks of 8 chips each
- Inside each PIM chip there are:
 - 8 64MB banks per chip: Main RAM (MRAM) banks
 - 8 DRAM Processing Units (DPUs) in each chip, 64 DPUs per rank



2,560-DPU System (II)



DRAM Processing Unit (I)

- FIG. 4 schematically illustrates part of the computing system of FIG. 1 in more detail according to an example embodiment

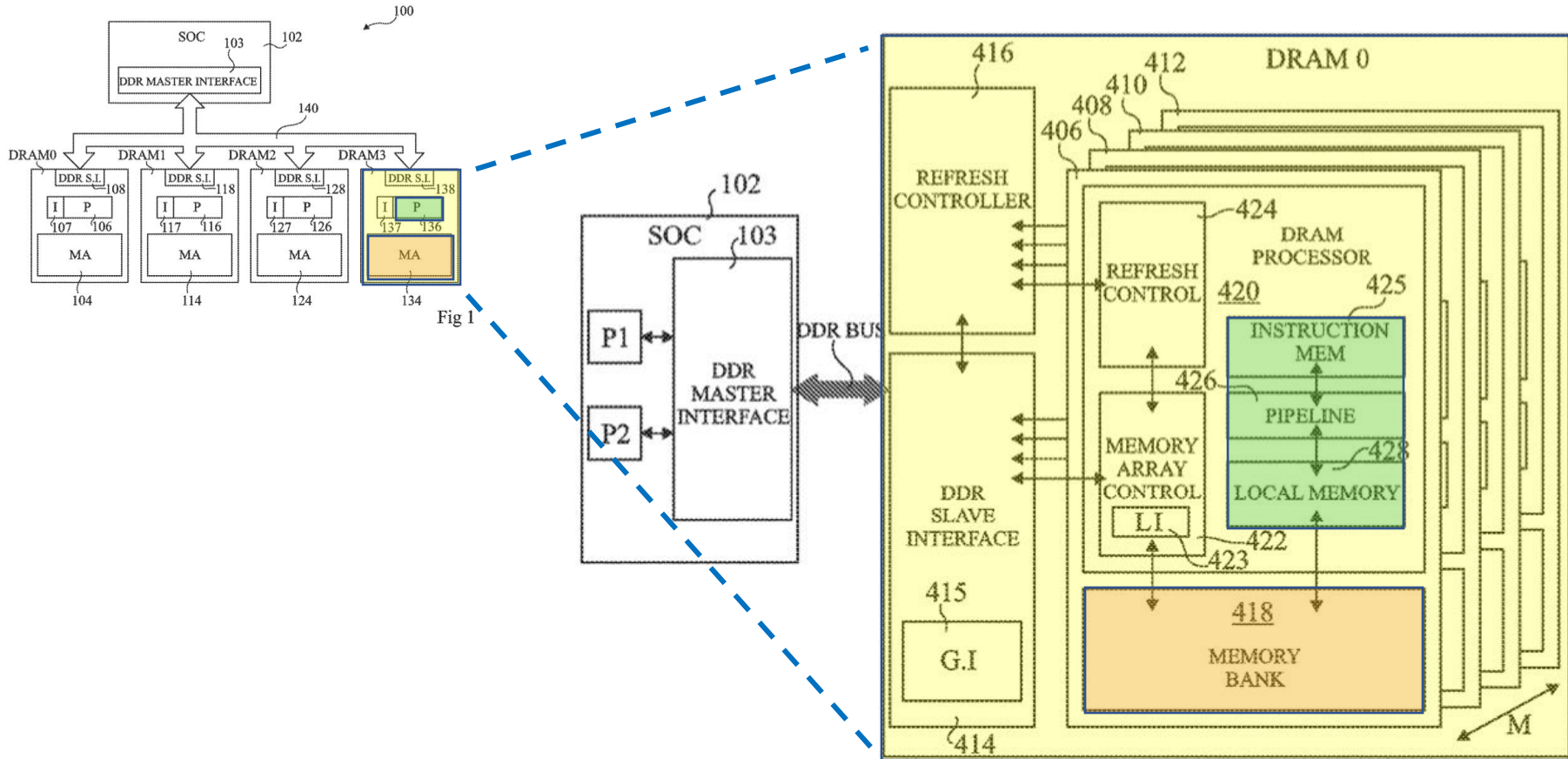
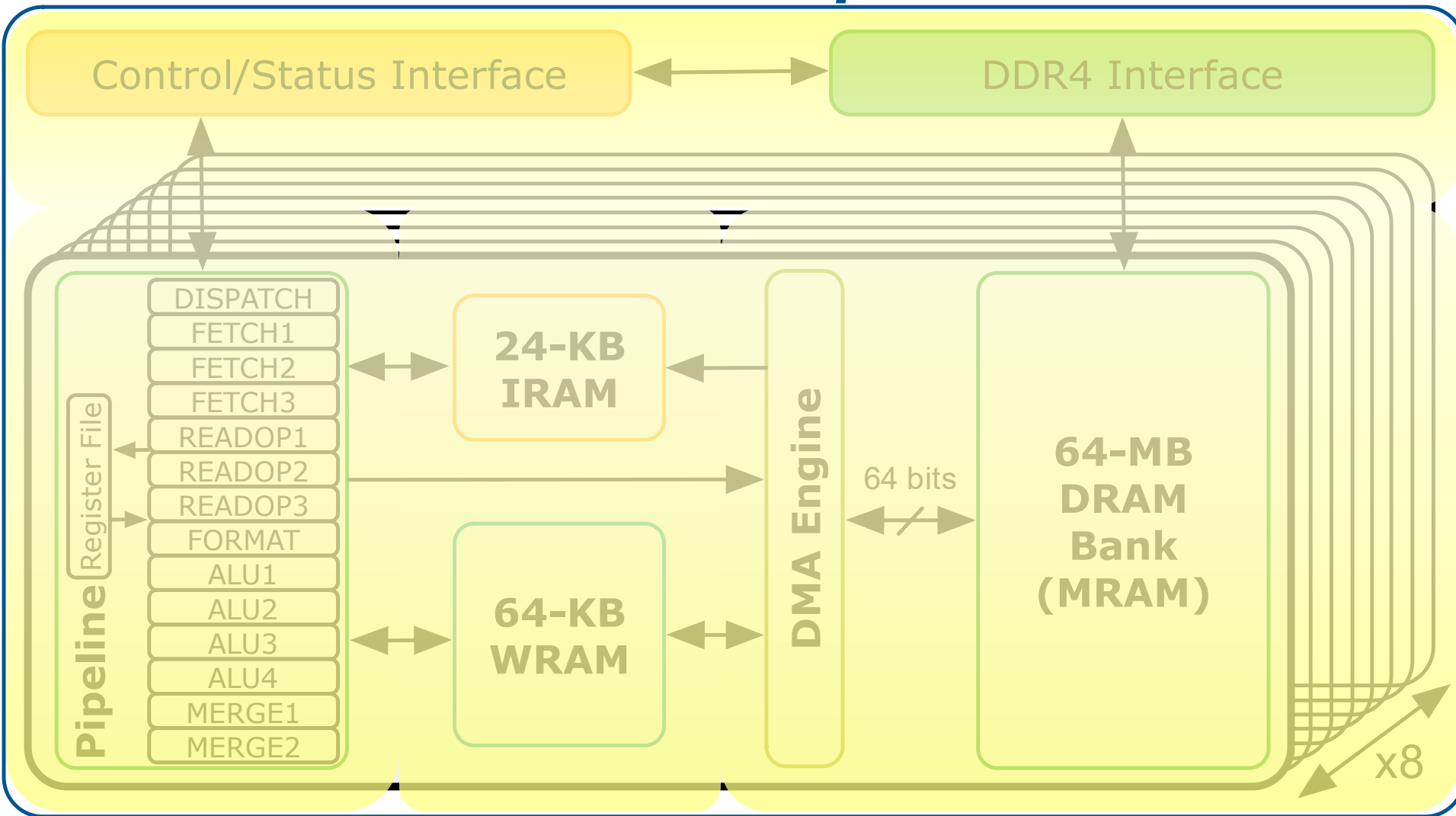


Fig 4

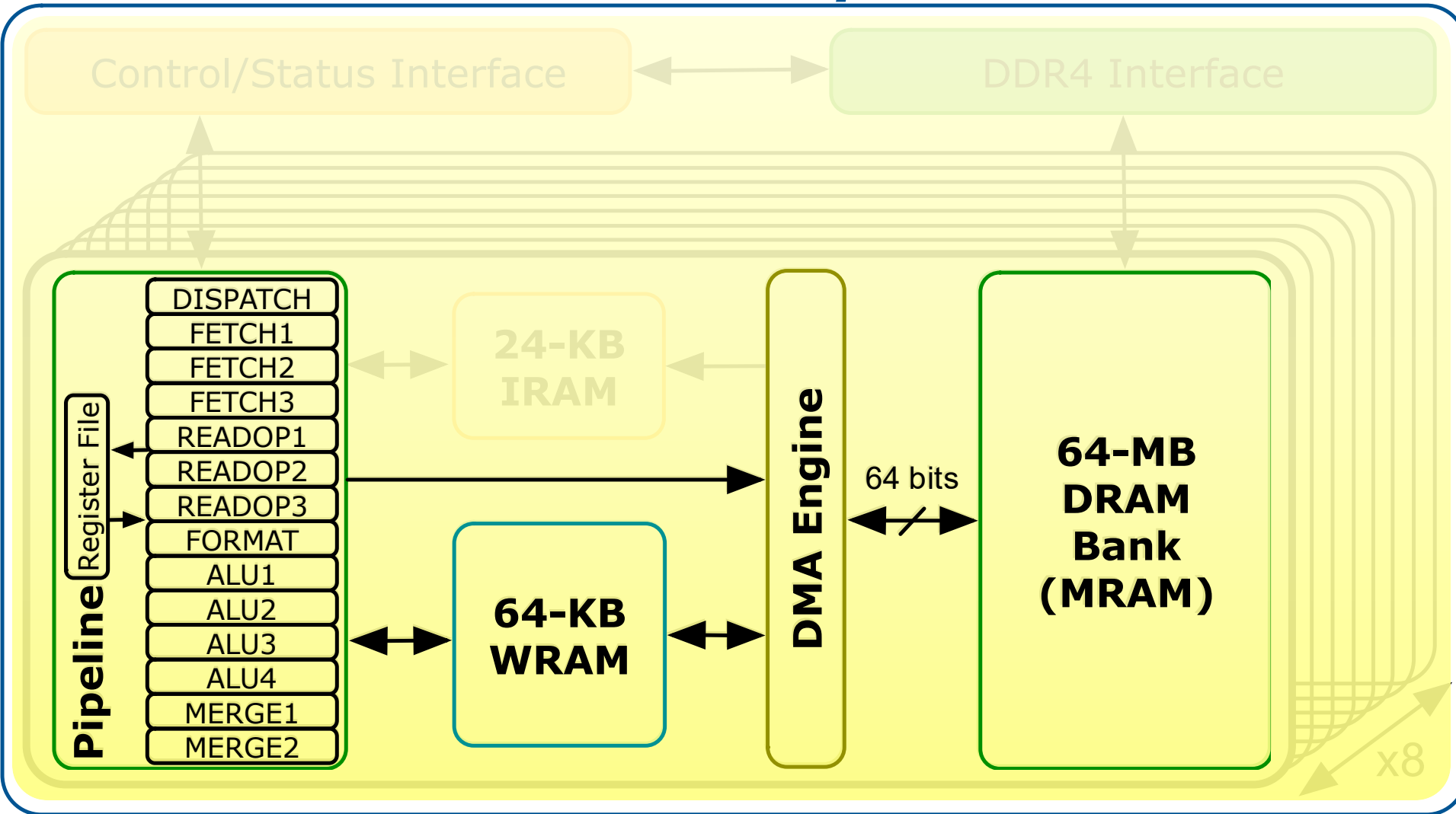
DRAM Processing Unit (II)

PIM Chip



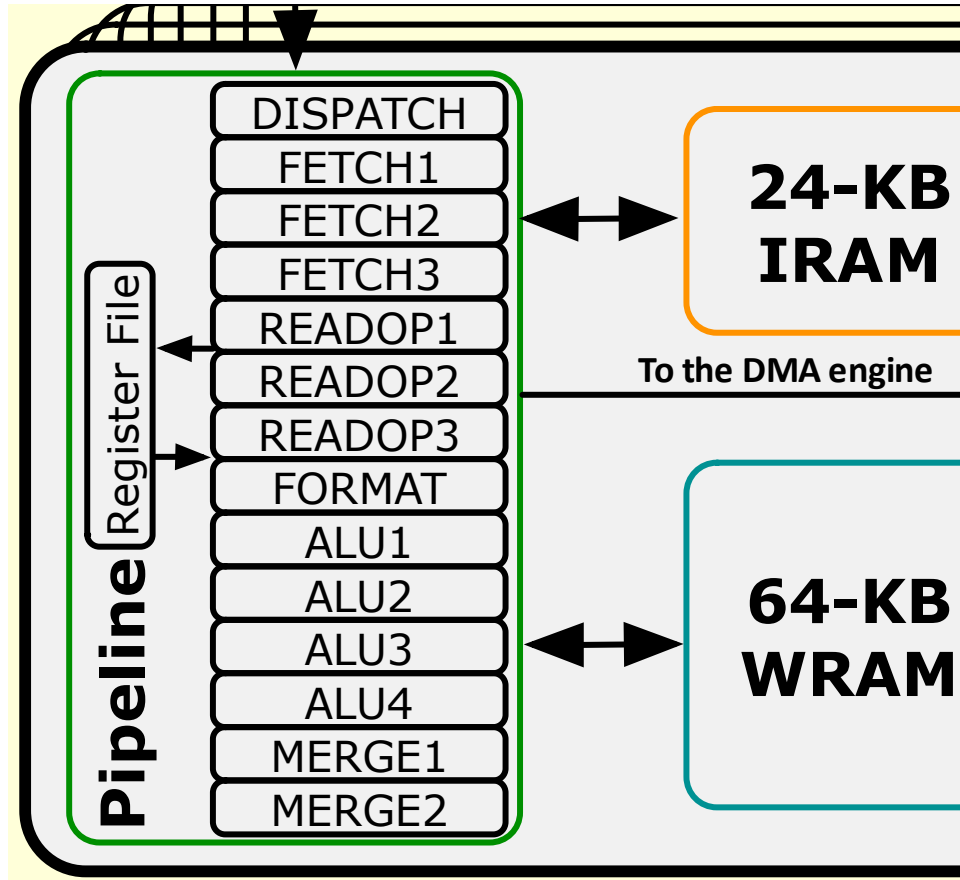
DPU: Arithmetic Throughput vs. Operational Intensity

PIM Chip



DPU Pipeline

- In-order pipeline
 - Up to 425 MHz
- Fine-grain multithreaded
 - 24 hardware threads
- 14 pipeline stages
 - **DISPATCH**: Thread selection
 - **FETCH**: Instruction fetch
 - **READOP**: Register file
 - **FORMAT**: Operand formatting
 - **ALU**: Operation and WRAM
 - **MERGE**: Result formatting



DPU Instruction Set Architecture

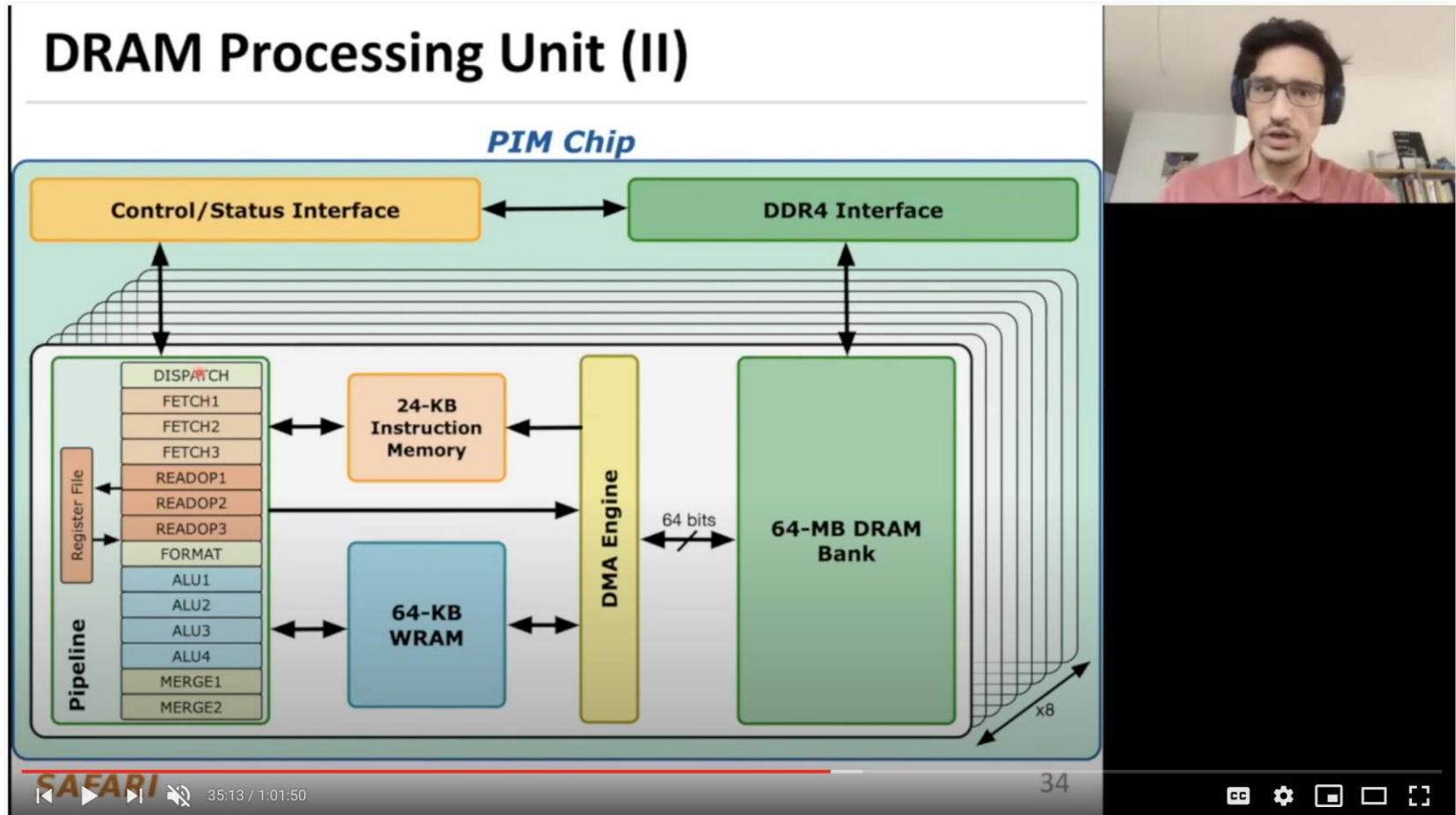
- Specific 32-bit ISA
 - Aiming at scalar, in-order, and multithreaded implementation
 - Allowing compilation of 64-bit C code
 - LLVM/Clang compiler

The screenshot shows a web page titled "Instruction Set Architecture — UPMEM DPU SDK 2021.2.0 Documentation". The page has a blue header with a hamburger menu icon and the text "UPMEM development tools documentation". Below the header, there is a breadcrumb trail: "» Instruction Set Architecture" with a "View page source" link. The main content area has the title "Instruction Set Architecture" in bold. Below the title, there is a paragraph: "This section covers the architecture concepts required to understand and use UPMEM DPU processor as a software developer. It is also providing an exhaustive list of the available processor instructions." followed by another paragraph: "Software developers should use this section as a reference manual to develop or debug assembly code." Below this, there is a section titled "Resources overview" and a subsection titled "Thread registers". The "Thread registers" section contains a paragraph: "The system is composed of 24 hardware threads. Each of them owns a set of private resources:" followed by a bulleted list:

- 24 general purpose 32-bits registers named `r0` through `r23`
- A 16-bits wide program counter, named PC. Notice that the PC value does not address an instruction in memory, but the index of such an instruction directly. For example, a PC equal to 1 represents the second instruction in the DPU's program memory.
- Two persistent flags, keeping information about the previous result of an arithmetic or logical instruction:
 - ZF: last result is equal to zero

https://sdk.upmem.com/2021.2.0/201_IS.html#

More on the UPMEM PIM System



ETH ZÜRICH HAUPTGEBÄUDE

Computer Architecture - Lecture 12d: Real Processing-in-DRAM with UPMEM (ETH Zürich, Fall 2020)

1,120 views • Oct 31, 2020

30 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
16.7K subscribers

ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

Experimental Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: An Experimental Analysis of a Real Processing-in-Memory Architecture

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

IZZAT EL HAJJ, American University of Beirut, Lebanon

IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and NTUA, Greece

GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Many modern workloads, such as neural networks, databases, and graph processing, are fundamentally memory-bound. For such workloads, the data movement between main memory and CPU cores imposes a significant overhead in terms of both latency and energy. A major reason is that this communication happens through a narrow bus with high latency and limited bandwidth, and the low data reuse in memory-bound workloads is insufficient to amortize the cost of main memory access. Fundamentally addressing this *data movement bottleneck* requires a paradigm where the memory system assumes an active role in computing by integrating processing capabilities. This paradigm is known as *processing-in-memory* (PIM).

Recent research explores different forms of PIM architectures, motivated by the emergence of new 3D-stacked memory technologies that integrate memory with a logic layer where processing elements can be easily placed. Past works evaluate these architectures in simulation or, at best, with simplified hardware prototypes. In contrast, the UPMEM company has designed and manufactured the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. The UPMEM PIM architecture combines traditional DRAM memory arrays with general-purpose in-order cores, called *DRAM Processing Units* (DPUs), integrated in the same chip.

This paper provides the first comprehensive analysis of the first publicly-available real-world PIM architecture. We make two key contributions. First, we conduct an experimental characterization of the UPMEM-based PIM system using microbenchmarks to assess various architecture limits such as compute throughput and memory bandwidth, yielding new insights. Second, we present *PrIM* (*Processing-In-Memory benchmarks*), a benchmark suite of 16 workloads from different application domains (e.g., dense/sparse linear algebra, databases, data analytics, graph processing, neural networks, bioinformatics, image processing), which we identify as memory-bound. We evaluate the performance and scaling characteristics of PrIM benchmarks on the UPMEM PIM architecture, and compare their performance and energy consumption to their state-of-the-art CPU and GPU counterparts. Our extensive evaluation conducted on two real UPMEM-based PIM systems with 640 and 2,556 DPUs provides new insights about suitability of different workloads to the PIM system, programming recommendations for software designers, and suggestions and hints for hardware and architecture designers of future PIM systems.

Recent SRC TECHCON Presentation

■ Dr. Juan Gomez-Luna

- Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware
- Based on two major works
 - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>
 - <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf>



Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-In-Memory Hardware

Year: 2021, Pages: 1-7

DOI Bookmark: [10.1109/IGSC54211.2021.9651614](https://doi.org/10.1109/IGSC54211.2021.9651614)

Authors

Juan Gómez-Luna, ETH Zürich

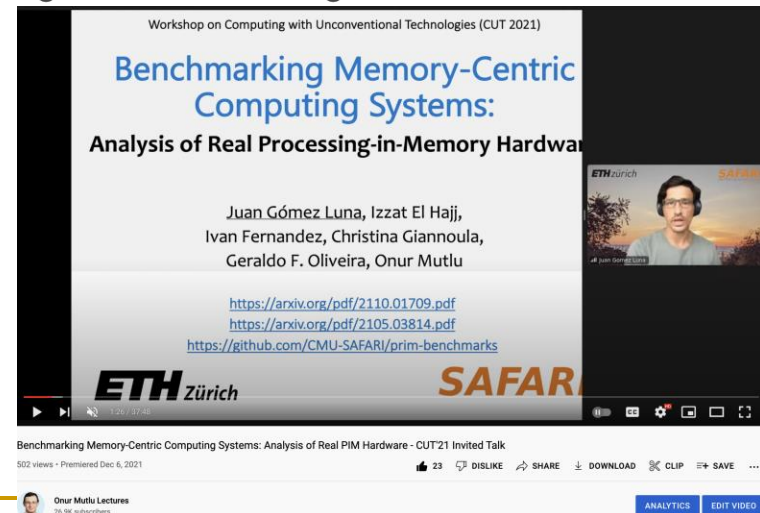
Izzat El Hajj, American University of Beirut

Ivan Fernandez, University of Malaga

Christina Giannoula, National Technical University of Athens

Geraldo F. Oliveira, ETH Zürich

Onur Mutlu, ETH Zürich



UPMEM PIM System Summary & Analysis

- Juan Gomez-Luna, Izzat El Hajj, Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu,
"Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware"
*Invited Paper at Workshop on Computing with Unconventional Technologies (**CUT**), Virtual, October 2021.*
[[arXiv version](#)]
[[PrIM Benchmarks Source Code](#)]
[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]
[[Talk Video](#) (37 minutes)]
[[Lightning Talk Video](#) (3 minutes)]

Benchmarking Memory-Centric Computing Systems: Analysis of Real Processing-in-Memory Hardware

Juan Gómez-Luna
ETH Zürich

Izzat El Hajj
*American University
of Beirut*

Ivan Fernandez
*University
of Malaga*

Christina Giannoula
*National Technical
University of Athens*

Geraldo F. Oliveira
ETH Zürich

Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich

Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture

Benchmarking a New Paradigm: Experimental Analysis and Characterization of a Real Processing-in-Memory System

**JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA¹, IZZAT EL HAJJ², IVAN FERNANDEZ^{1,3}, CHRISTINA GIANNOULA^{1,4},
GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA¹, AND ONUR MUTLU¹**

¹ETH Zürich

²American University of Beirut

³University of Malaga

⁴National Technical University of Athens

Corresponding author: Juan Gómez-Luna (e-mail: juang@ethz.ch).

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>

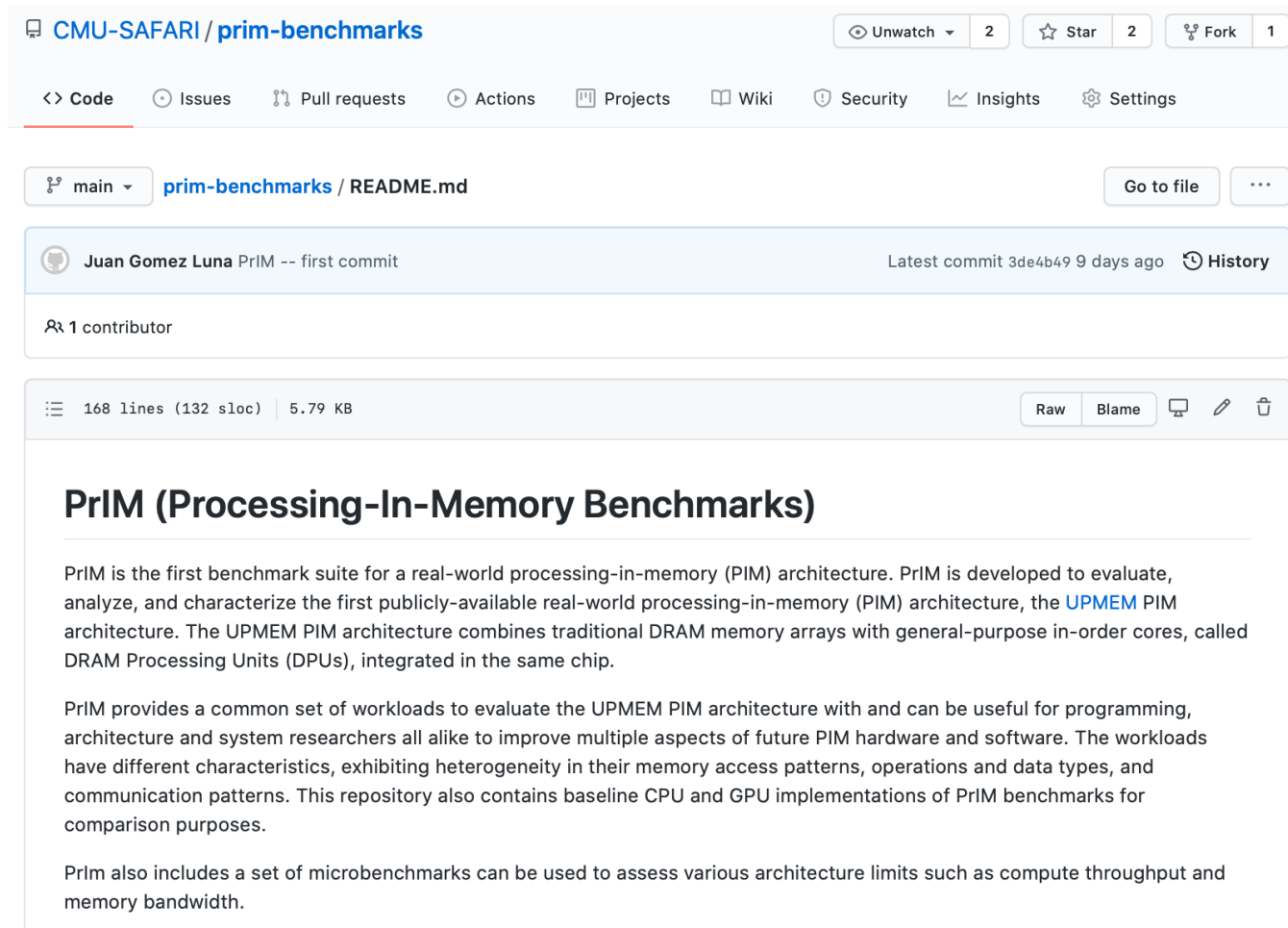
<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

PrIM Benchmarks: Application Domains

Domain	Benchmark	Short name
Dense linear algebra	Vector Addition	VA
	Matrix-Vector Multiply	GEMV
Sparse linear algebra	Sparse Matrix-Vector Multiply	SpMV
Databases	Select	SEL
	Unique	UNI
Data analytics	Binary Search	BS
	Time Series Analysis	TS
Graph processing	Breadth-First Search	BFS
Neural networks	Multilayer Perceptron	MLP
Bioinformatics	Needleman-Wunsch	NW
Image processing	Image histogram (short)	HST-S
	Image histogram (large)	HST-L
Parallel primitives	Reduction	RED
	Prefix sum (scan-scan-add)	SCAN-SSA
	Prefix sum (reduce-scan-scan)	SCAN-RSS
	Matrix transposition	TRNS

PrIM Benchmarks are Open Source

- All microbenchmarks, benchmarks, and scripts
- <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>



CMU-SAFARI / **prim-benchmarks** Unwatch 2 Star 2 Fork 1

<> Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

main prim-benchmarks / README.md Go to file ...

Juan Gomez Luna PrIM -- first commit Latest commit 3de4b49 9 days ago History

1 contributor

168 lines (132 sloc) 5.79 KB Raw Blame

PrIM (Processing-In-Memory Benchmarks)

PrIM is the first benchmark suite for a real-world processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture. PrIM is developed to evaluate, analyze, and characterize the first publicly-available real-world processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture, the [UPMEM](#) PIM architecture. The UPMEM PIM architecture combines traditional DRAM memory arrays with general-purpose in-order cores, called DRAM Processing Units (DPUs), integrated in the same chip.

PrIM provides a common set of workloads to evaluate the UPMEM PIM architecture with and can be useful for programming, architecture and system researchers all alike to improve multiple aspects of future PIM hardware and software. The workloads have different characteristics, exhibiting heterogeneity in their memory access patterns, operations and data types, and communication patterns. This repository also contains baseline CPU and GPU implementations of PrIM benchmarks for comparison purposes.

PrIM also includes a set of microbenchmarks can be used to assess various architecture limits such as compute throughput and memory bandwidth.

Understanding a Modern PIM Architecture



The video player shows a seminar titled "Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization". The speaker is Juan Gómez Luna, with co-authors Izzat El Hajj, Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula, Geraldo F. Oliveira, and Onur Mutlu. The video includes links to an arXiv paper and a GitHub repository for benchmarks. The player interface includes a progress bar at 2:26 / 2:57:10, a video quality selector set to HD, and a "SUBSCRIBED" button. The channel name is "Onur Mutlu Lectures" with 18.7K subscribers.

Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization

Juan Gómez Luna, Izzat El Hajj,
Ivan Fernandez, Christina Giannoula,
Geraldo F. Oliveira, Onur Mutlu

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03814.pdf>
<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/prim-benchmarks>

ETH Zürich SAFARI

2:26 / 2:57:10

SAFARI

SAFARI Live Seminar: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture

2,579 views • Streamed live on Jul 12, 2021

93 0 SHARE + SAVE ...

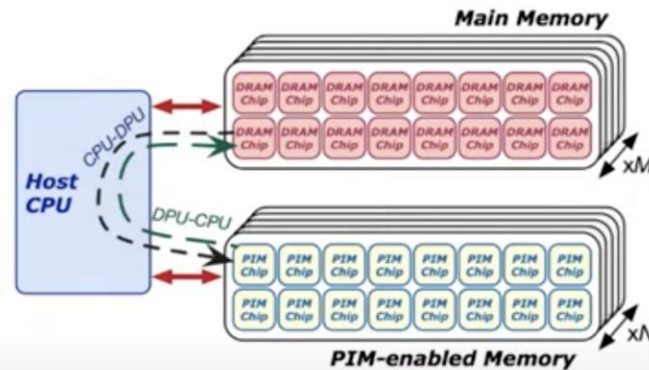
 **Onur Mutlu Lectures**
18.7K subscribers

SUBSCRIBED

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Inter-DPU Communication

- There is **no direct communication channel** between DPUs



- Inter-DPU communication takes place via the host CPU using CPU-DPU and DPU-CPU transfers
- Example communication patterns:
 - Merging of partial results to obtain the final result
 - Only DPU-CPU transfers
 - Redistribution of intermediate results for further computation
 - DPU-CPU transfers and CPU-DPU transfers



SAFARI Live Seminar: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture

1,868 views • Streamed live on Jul 12, 2021

81 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
17.6K subscribers

Talk Title: Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Architecture: Benchmarking and Experimental Characterization
Dr. Juan Gómez-Luna, SAFARI Research Group, D-ITET, ETH Zurich

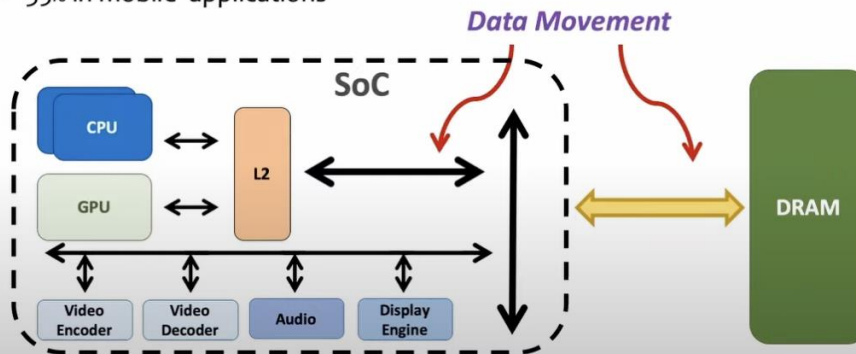
ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

More on Analysis of the UPMEM PIM Engine

Data Movement in Computing Systems

- Data movement dominates performance and is a major system energy bottleneck
- Total system energy: data movement accounts for
 - 62% in consumer applications*,
 - 40% in scientific applications*,
 - 35% in mobile applications*



* Boroumand et al., "Google Workloads for Consumer Devices: Mitigating Data Movement Bottlenecks," ASPLOS 2018

* Kestor et al., "Quantifying the Energy Cost of Data Movement in Scientific Applications," IISWC 2013

* Pandiyan and Wu, "Quantifying the energy cost of data movement for emerging smart phone workloads on mobile platforms," IISWC 2014

SAFARI

3



Understanding a Modern Processing-in-Memory Arch: Benchmarking & Experimental Characterization; 21m

3,482 views • Premiered Jul 25, 2021

38 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures

17.9K subscribers

ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

SAFARI

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pp9jSU2b9oM&list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi8_VVChACnON4sfh2bJ5IrD&index=159

37

ML Training on Real PIM Systems

- Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Sylvan Brocard, Julien Legriel, Remy Cimadomo, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Gagandeep Singh, and Onur Mutlu,
"Evaluating Machine Learning Workloads on Memory-Centric Computing Systems"
Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Symposium on Performance Analysis of Systems and Software (ISPASS), Raleigh, North Carolina, USA, April 2023.
[[arXiv version](#), 16 July 2022.]
[[PIM-ML Source Code](#)]
Best paper session.

An Experimental Evaluation of Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna¹ Yuxin Guo¹ Sylvan Brocard² Julien Legriel²
Remy Cimadomo² Geraldo F. Oliveira¹ Gagandeep Singh¹ Onur Mutlu¹
¹ETH Zürich ²UPMEM

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/pim-ml>

ML Training on a Real PIM System

Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna¹ Yuxin Guo¹ Sylvan Brocard² Julien Legriel²
Remy Cimadomo² Geraldo F. Oliveira¹ Gagandeep Singh¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²UPMEM

An Experimental Evaluation of Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez-Luna¹ Yuxin Guo¹ Sylvan Brocard² Julien Legriel²
Remy Cimadomo² Geraldo F. Oliveira¹ Gagandeep Singh¹ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zürich ²UPMEM

Short version: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2206.06022.pdf>

Long version: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2207.07886.pdf>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qeukNs5XI3g&t=11226s>

ML Training on a Real PIM System

- Need to optimize data representation
 - (1) fixed-point
 - (2) quantization
 - (3) hybrid precision
- Use **lookup tables (LUTs)** to implement complex functions (e.g., sigmoid)
- Optimize data placement & layout for **streaming**
- Large speedups: **2.8X/27X vs. CPU, 1.3x/3.2x vs. GPU**

ML Training on Real PIM Talk Video



The video player displays a presentation slide with the following content:

Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-in-Memory System

Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Sylvan Brocard,
Julien Legriel, Remy Cimadomo, Geraldo F. Oliveira,
Gagandeep Singh, Onur Mutlu

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2206.06022.pdf>
juang@ethz.ch

Logos: **ETH** Zürich, **SAFARI**, and **up mem**.

Video player controls show the video is at 3:07:11 / 3:36:35. The title is "Dr. Juan Gómez-Luna, 'Machine Learning Training on a Real Processing-In-Memory System'". Engagement metrics show 61 likes and 1,345 views. The channel is "Onur Mutlu Lectures" with 26.9K subscribers. Buttons for "ANALYTICS" and "EDIT VIDEO" are visible.

SpMV Multiplication on Real PIM Systems

- Appears at SIGMETRICS 2022

***SparseP*: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems**

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and National Technical University of Athens, Greece

IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

NECTARIOS KOZIRIS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

GEORGIOS GOUMAS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP>

Transcendental Functions on Real PIM Systems

- Maurus Item, Juan Gómez Luna, Yuxin Guo, Geraldo F. Oliveira, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,

"TransPimLib: Efficient Transcendental Functions for Processing-in-Memory Systems"

*Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Symposium on Performance Analysis of Systems and Software (**ISPASS**), Raleigh, North Carolina, USA, April 2023.*

[[arXiv version](#)]

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[TransPimLib Source Code](#)]

[[Talk Video](#) (17 minutes)]

TransPimLib: Efficient Transcendental Functions for Processing-in-Memory Systems

Maurus Item
Geraldo F. Oliveira

Juan Gómez-Luna
Mohammad Sadrosadati

Yuxin Guo
Onur Mutlu

ETH Zürich

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/transpimlib>

Sequence Alignment on Real PIM Systems

- Safaa Diab, Amir Nassereldine, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez Luna, Onur Mutlu, and Izzat El Hajj,
"A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems"
Bioinformatics, [published online on] 27 March 2023.
[Online link at Bioinformatics Journal]
[arXiv preprint]
[AiM Source Code]

A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems

Safaa Diab¹ Amir Nassereldine¹ Mohammed Alser² Juan Gómez Luna²
Onur Mutlu² Izzat El Hajj¹

¹American University of Beirut ²ETH Zürich

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/alignment-in-memory>

Homomorphic Operations on Real PIM Systems

- Harshita Gupta, Mayank Kabra, Juan Gómez-Luna, Konstantinos Kanellopoulos, and Onur Mutlu,
"Evaluating Homomorphic Operations on a Real-World Processing-In-Memory System"
Proceedings of the 2023 IEEE International Symposium on Workload Characterization Poster Session (IISWC), Ghent, Belgium, October 2023.
[[arXiv version](#)]
[[Lightning Talk Slides \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]
[[Poster \(pptx\)](#)] [[pdf](#)]

Evaluating Homomorphic Operations on a Real-World Processing-In-Memory System

Harshita Gupta* Mayank Kabra* Juan Gómez-Luna Konstantinos Kanellopoulos Onur Mutlu
ETH Zürich

Accelerating Reinforcement Learning

- Kailash Gogineni, Sai Santosh Dayapule, Juan Gomez-Luna, Karthikeya Gogineni, Peng Wei, Tian Lan, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Onur Mutlu, Guru Venkataramani,
"SwiftRL: Towards Efficient Reinforcement Learning on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems"

Proceedings of the 2024 IEEE International Symposium on Performance Analysis of Systems and Software (ISPASS), Indianapolis, Indiana, May 2024.

[[Slides \(pptx\)](#) ([pdf](#))]

[[arXiv version](#)]

SwiftRL: Towards Efficient Reinforcement Learning on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems

Kailash Gogineni¹ Sai Santosh Dayapule¹ Juan Gómez-Luna² Karthikeya Gogineni³
Peng Wei¹ Tian Lan¹ Mohammad Sadrosadati² Onur Mutlu² Guru Venkataramani¹

¹George Washington University, USA ²ETH Zürich, Switzerland ³Independent

Accelerating ML Training on Real PIM Systems

- Steve Rhyner, Haocong Luo, Juan Gómez-Luna, Mohammad Sadrosadati, Jiawei Jiang, Ataberk Olgun, Harshita Gupta, Ce Zhang, and Onur Mutlu,
"PIM-Opt: Demystifying Distributed Optimization Algorithms on a Real-World Processing-In-Memory System"
Proceedings of the 33rd International Conference on Parallel Architectures and Compilation Techniques (PACT), Long Beach, CA, USA, October 2024.
[Preliminary arXiv version]



PIM-Opt: Demystifying Distributed Optimization Algorithms on a Real-World Processing-In-Memory System

Steve Rhyner¹ Haocong Luo¹ Juan Gómez-Luna² Mohammad Sadrosadati¹
Jiawei Jiang³ Ataberk Olgun¹ Harshita Gupta¹ Ce Zhang⁴ Onur Mutlu¹

¹ETH Zurich

²NVIDIA

³Wuhan University

⁴University of Chicago

Accelerating GNNs on Real PIM Systems

- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2402.16731>

PyGim : An Efficient Graph Neural Network Library for Real Processing-In-Memory Architectures

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, University of Toronto, Canada, ETH Zürich, Switzerland, Vector Institute, Canada, and CentML, Canada

PEIMING YANG, University of Toronto, Canada

IVAN FERNANDEZ, Barcelona Supercomputing Center, Spain, Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Spain, and ETH Zürich, Switzerland

JIACHENG YANG, University of Toronto, Canada and Vector Institute, Canada

SANKEERTH DURVASULA, University of Toronto, Canada and Vector Institute, Canada

YU XIN LI, University of Toronto, Canada

MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

JUAN GOMEZ LUNA, NVIDIA, Switzerland

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

GENNADY PEKHIMENKO, University of Toronto, Canada, Vector Institute, Canada, and CentML, Canada

SpMV Multiplication on Real PIM Systems

- Appears in SIGMETRICS 2022

***SparseP*: Towards Efficient Sparse Matrix Vector Multiplication on Real Processing-In-Memory Systems**

CHRISTINA GIANNOULA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and National Technical University of Athens, Greece

IVAN FERNANDEZ, ETH Zürich, Switzerland and University of Malaga, Spain

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

NECTARIOS KOZIRIS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

GEORGIOS GOUMAS, National Technical University of Athens, Greece

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2201.05072.pdf>

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/SparseP>

Sequence Alignment on Real PIM Systems

- Safaa Diab, Amir Nassereldine, Mohammed Alser, Juan Gómez Luna, Onur Mutlu, and Izzat El Hajj,
"A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems"
Bioinformatics, [published online on] 27 March 2023.
[[Online link at Bioinformatics Journal](#)]
[[arXiv preprint](#)]
[[AiM Source Code](#)]

A Framework for High-throughput Sequence Alignment using Real Processing-in-Memory Systems

Safaa Diab¹ Amir Nassereldine¹ Mohammed Alser² Juan Gómez Luna²
Onur Mutlu² Izzat El Hajj¹

¹American University of Beirut ²ETH Zürich

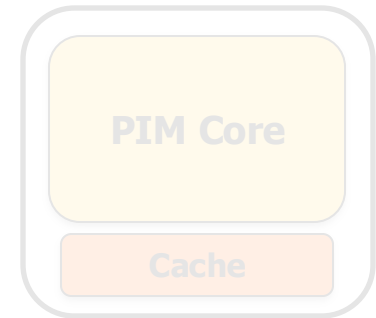
<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/alignment-in-memory>

Summary

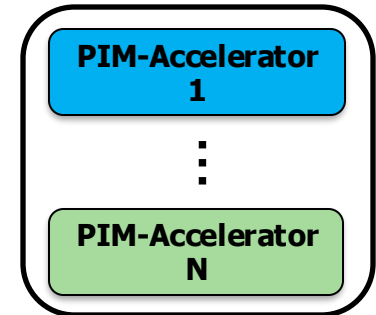
- Sequence alignment on traditional systems is limited by the **memory bandwidth bottleneck**
- **Processing-in-memory (PIM)** overcomes this bottleneck by placing cores near the memory
- Our framework, **Alignment-in-Memory (AIM)**, is a PIM framework that supports multiple alignment algorithms (NW, SWG, GenASM, WFA)
 - Implemented on UPMEM, the first real PIM system
- Results show **substantial speedups over both CPUs (1.8X-28X) and GPUs (1.2X-2.7X)**
- AIM is available at:
 - <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/alignment-in-memory>

Possible PNM Designs

- General-purpose programmable cores
 - ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM



- Fixed-function units
 - ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM



- Reconfigurable architectures
 - ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)



Samsung Develops Industry's First High Bandwidth Memory with AI Processing Power

Korea on February 17, 2021

Audio



Share



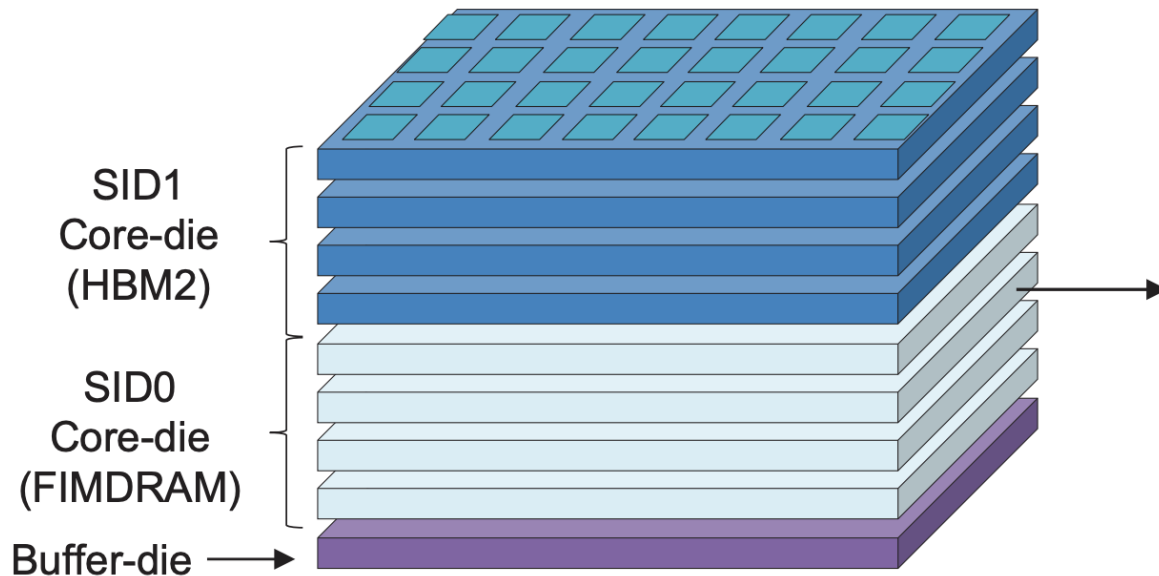
*The new architecture will deliver over twice the system performance
and reduce energy consumption by more than 70%*

Samsung Electronics, the world leader in advanced memory technology, today announced that it has developed the industry's first High Bandwidth Memory (HBM) integrated with artificial intelligence (AI) processing power – the HBM-PIM. **The new processing-in-memory (PIM) architecture brings powerful AI computing capabilities inside high-performance memory, to accelerate large-scale processing in data centers, high performance computing (HPC) systems and AI-enabled mobile applications.**

Kwangil Park, senior vice president of Memory Product Planning at Samsung Electronics stated, "Our groundbreaking HBM-PIM is the industry's first programmable PIM solution tailored for diverse AI-driven workloads such as HPC, training and inference. We plan to build upon this breakthrough by further collaborating with AI solution providers for even more advanced PIM-powered applications."

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

■ FIMDRAM based on HBM2



[3D Chip Structure of HBM with FIMDRAM]

Chip Specification

128DQ / 8CH / 16 banks / BL4

32 PCU blocks (1 FIM block/2 banks)

1.2 TFLOPS (4H)

**FP16 ADD /
Multiply (MUL) /
Multiply-Accumulate (MAC) /
Multiply-and- Add (MAD)**

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-In-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

Young-Cheon Kwon¹, Suk Han Lee¹, Jaehoon Lee¹, Sang-Hyuk Kwon¹, Je Min Ryu¹, Jong-Pil Son¹, Seongil O¹, Hak-Soo Yu¹, Haesuk Lee¹, Soo Young Kim¹, Youngmin Cho¹, Jin Guk Kim¹, Jongyoon Choi¹, Hyun-Sung Shin¹, Jin Kim¹, BengSeng Phuah¹, HyoungMin Kim¹, Myeong Jun Song¹, Ahn Choi¹, Daeho Kim¹, SooYoung Kim¹, Eun-Bong Kim¹, David Wang², Shinhaeng Kang¹, Yuhwan Ro³, Seungwoo Seo³, JoonHo Song³, Jaeyoun Youn¹, Kyomin Sohn¹, Nam Sung Kim¹

¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea

²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA

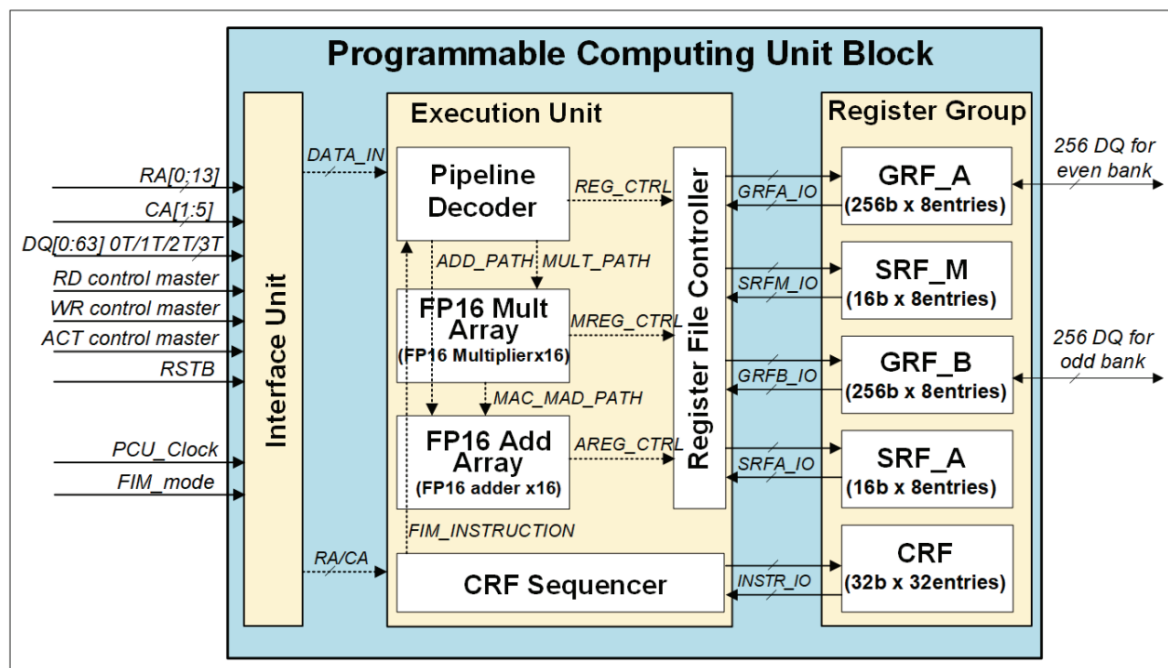
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Programmable Computing Unit

■ Configuration of PCU block

- Interface unit to control data flow
- Execution unit to perform operations
- Register group
 - 32 entries of CRF for instruction memory
 - 16 GRF for weight and accumulation
 - 16 SRF to store constants for MAC operations



[Block diagram of PCU in FIMDRAM]

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-in-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

Young-Cheon Kwon¹, Suk Han Lee¹, Jaehoon Lee¹, Sang-Hyuk Kwon¹, Je Min Ryu¹, Jong-Pil Son¹, Seongil O¹, Hak-Soo Yu¹, Haesuk Lee¹, Soo Young Kim¹, Youngmin Cho¹, Jin Guk Kim¹, Jongyoon Choi¹, Hyun-Sung Shin¹, Jin Kim¹, BengSeng Phuah¹, HyungMin Kim¹, Myeong Jun Song¹, Ahn Choi¹, Daeho Kim¹, SooYoung Kim¹, Eun-Bong Kim¹, David Wang², Shinhaeng Kang¹, Yuhwan Ro², Seungwoo Seo², JoonHo Song¹, Jaeyoun Youn¹, Kyomin Sohn¹, Nam Sung Kim¹

¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

[Available instruction list for FIM operation]

Type	CMD	Description
Floating Point	ADD	FP16 addition
	MUL	FP16 multiplication
	MAC	FP16 multiply-accumulate
	MAD	FP16 multiply and add
Data Path	MOVE	Load or store data
	FILL	Copy data from bank to GRFs
Control Path	NOP	Do nothing
	JUMP	Jump instruction
	EXIT	Exit instruction

ISSCC 2021 / SESSION 25 / DRAM / 25.4

25.4 A 20nm 6GB Function-in-Memory DRAM, Based on HBM2 with a 1.2TFLOPS Programmable Computing Unit Using Bank-Level Parallelism, for Machine Learning Applications

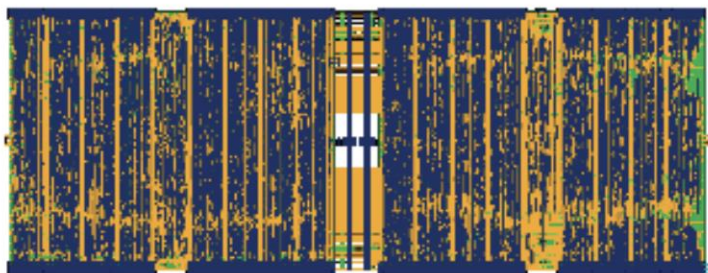
Young-Cheon Kwon¹, Suk Han Lee¹, Jaehoon Lee¹, Sang-Hyuk Kwon¹, Je Min Ryu¹, Jong-Pil Son¹, Seongil O¹, Hak-Soo Yu¹, Haesuk Lee¹, Soo Young Kim¹, Youngmin Cho¹, Jin Guk Kim¹, Jongyoon Choi¹, Hyun-Sung Shin¹, Jin Kim¹, BengSeng Phuah¹, HyounMin Kim¹, Myeong Jun Song¹, Ahn Choi¹, Daeho Kim¹, SooYoung Kim¹, Eun-Bong Kim¹, David Wang², Shinhaeng Kang¹, Yuhwan Ro², Seungwoo Seo², JoonHo Song¹, Jaeyoun Youn¹, Kyomin Sohn¹, Nam Sung Kim¹

¹Samsung Electronics, Hwaseong, Korea
²Samsung Electronics, San Jose, CA
³Samsung Electronics, Suwon, Korea

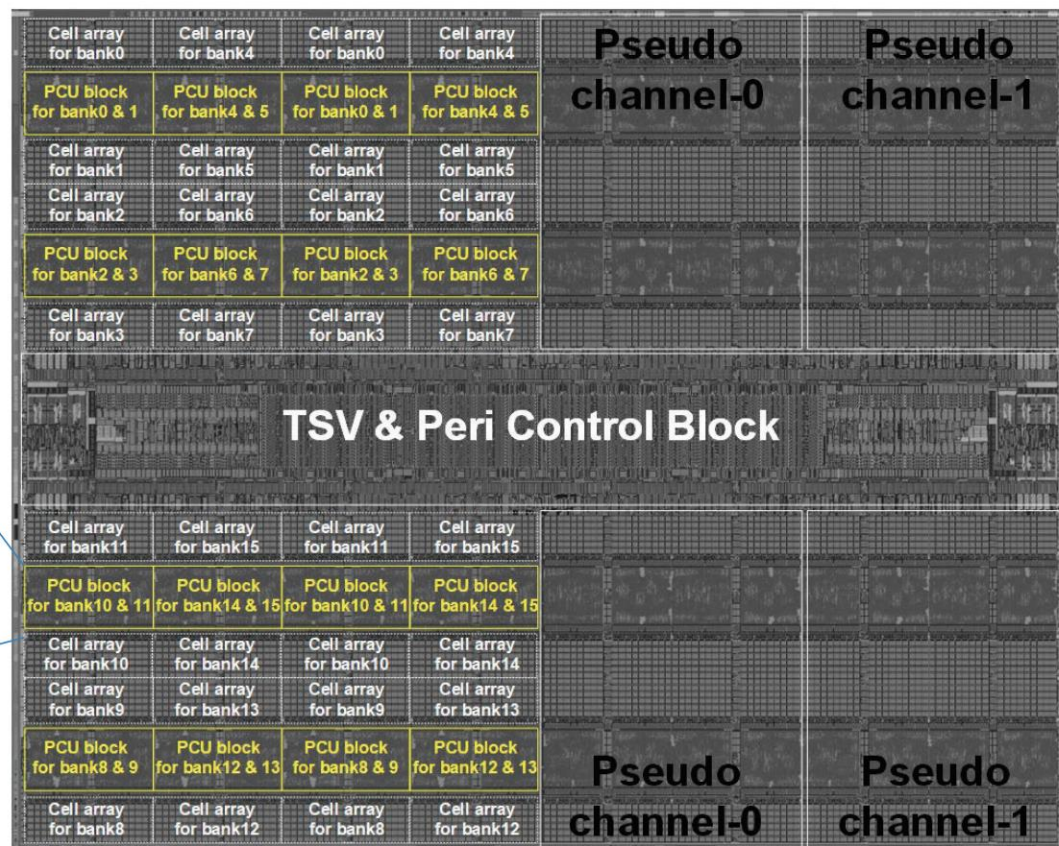
Samsung Function-in-Memory DRAM (2021)

Chip Implementation

- Mixed design methodology to implement FIMDRAM
 - Full-custom + Digital RTL

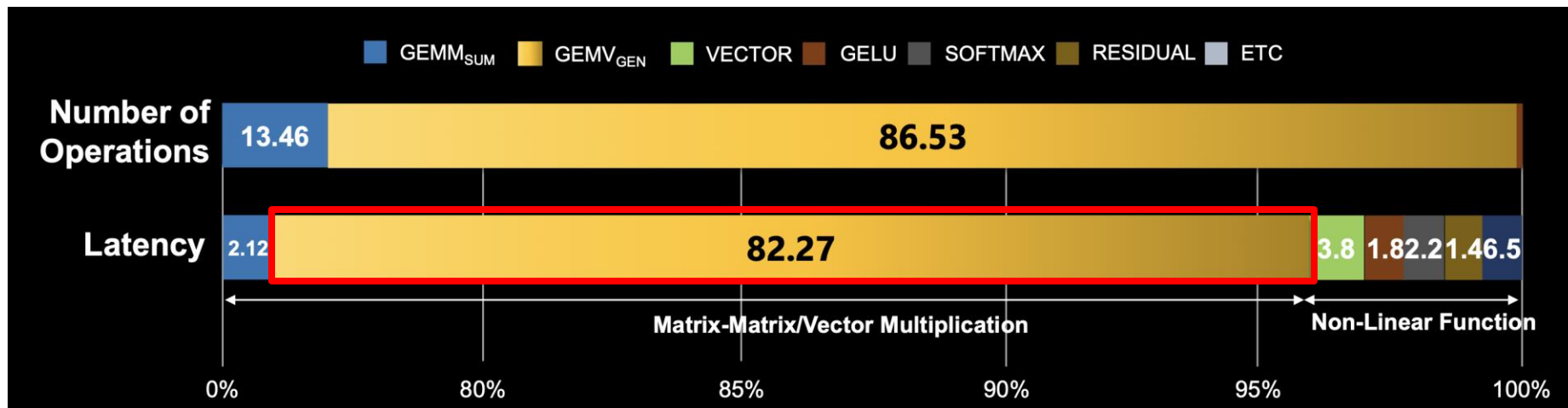


[Digital RTL design for PCU block]



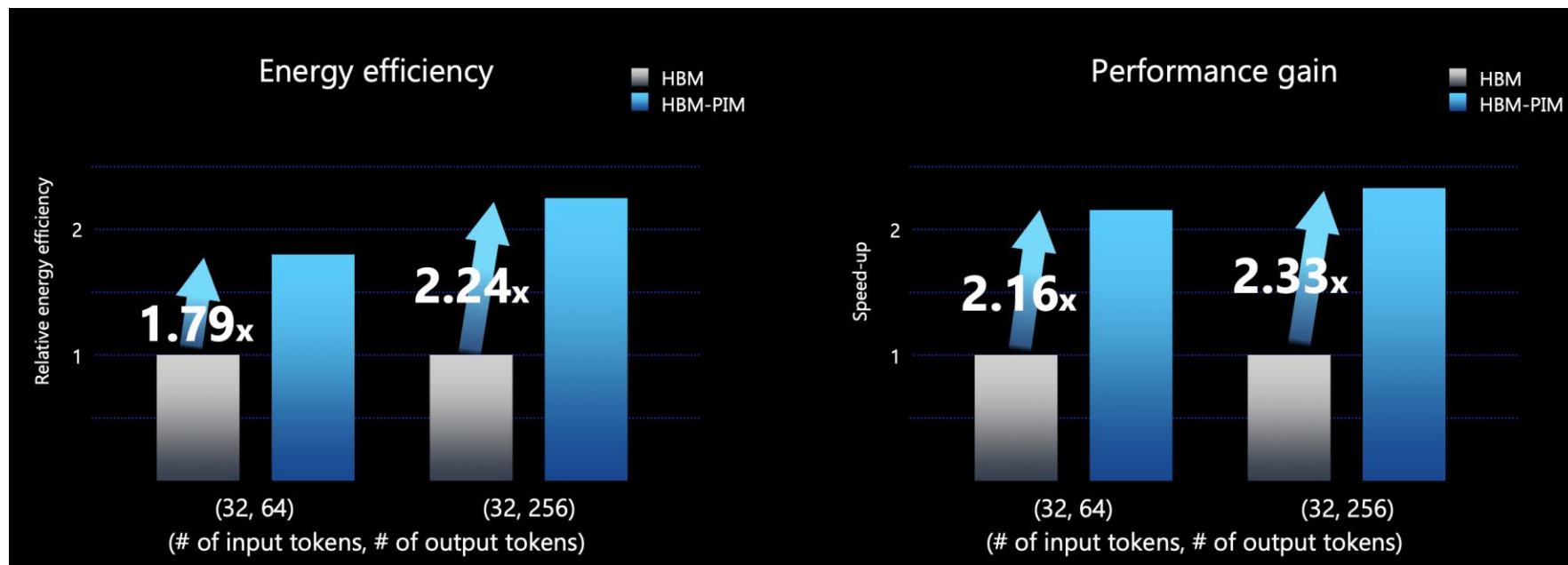
Samsung PNM Solutions for Generative AI (2023)

- Main target: **transformer** decoders used in **ChatGPT, GPT-3**
 - **Compute-bound step**: Summarization
 - **Memory-bound step**: Generation
 - Most of the execution time is spent on the **memory copy** from the **host CPU memory** to the **CPU memory**
- **GEMV** portion can be **60%-80% of total generation latency**, which is the target of PIM/PNM



Solution I: Samsung's HBM-PIM (2023)

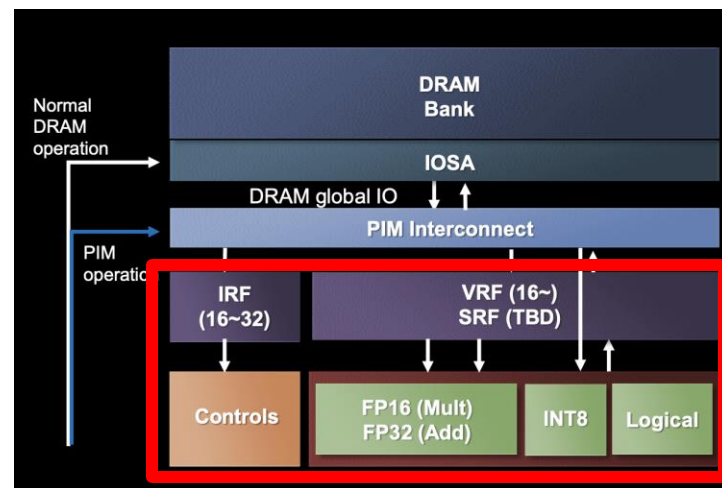
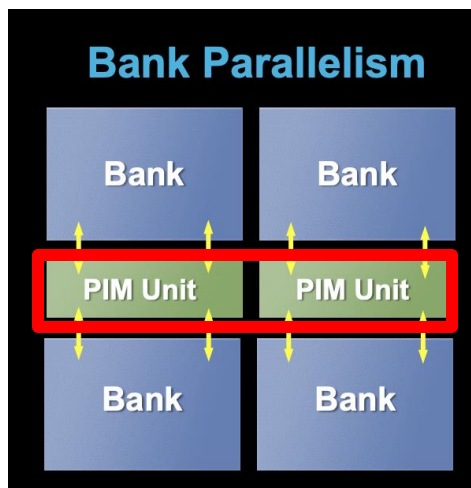
- AMD MI100 GPUs fabricated with HBM-PIM
- Experimental setup: GPT-J (6B, 32 input tokens), single AMD MI100-PIM GPU



- GPT can be accelerated by more than 2x over baseline

Solution II: Samsung's LPDDR-PIM (2023)

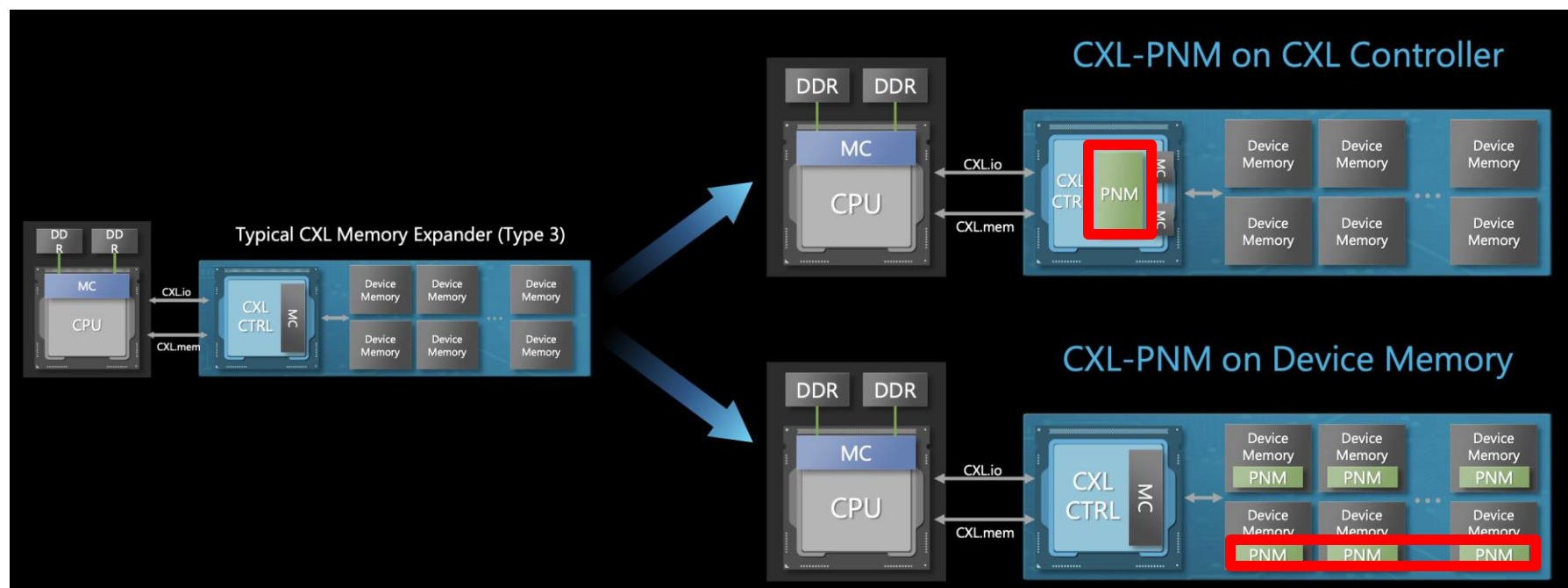
- PIM for on-device generative AI
 - ❑ Datacenter **costs** and **power consumption** are increasing due to the growing demand for cloud AI
- LPDDR-PIM improves **battery life** by preventing memory over-provisioning just for bandwidth



- 4.47x **performance gains** and 70.6% **energy reduction** in GPT-2

Solution III: Samsung's CXL-PNM (2023)

- A CXL-based processing-near-memory solution
 - ❑ Improves capacity, bandwidth, and power
 - ❑ Large-scale large-language models are often capacity-bound

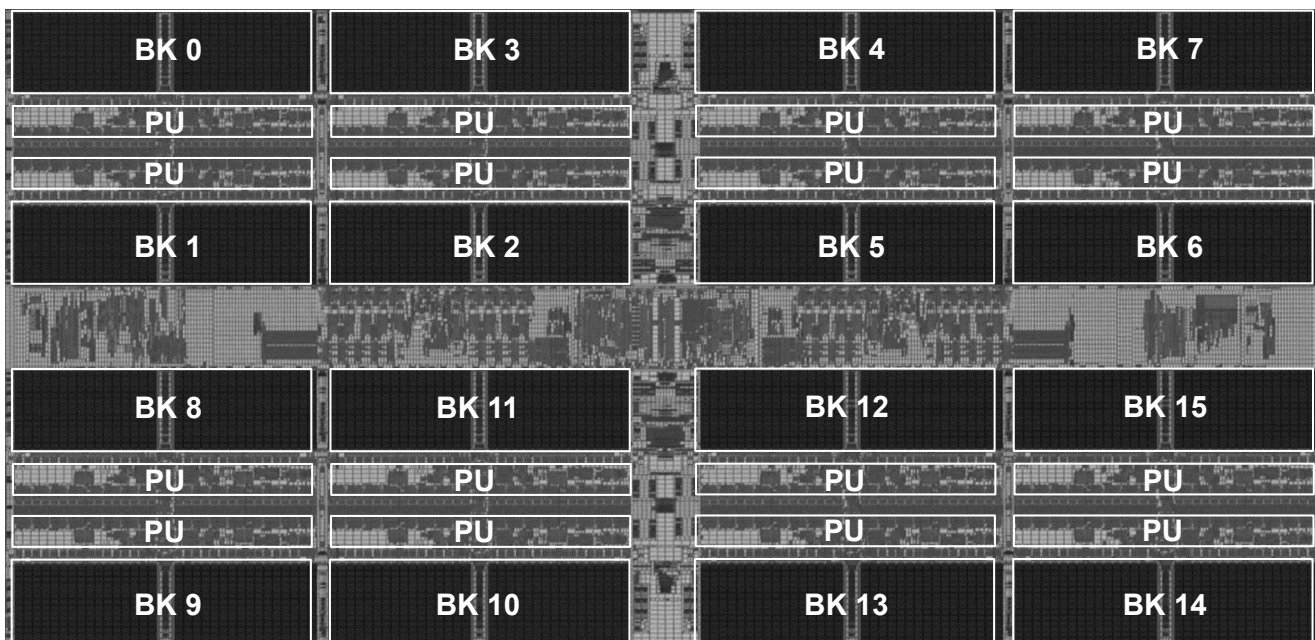


- Multiple CXL-PNM can offer 4.4x higher energy efficiency and 53% higher throughput than multiple GPUs

SK hynix AiM: Chip Implementation (2022)

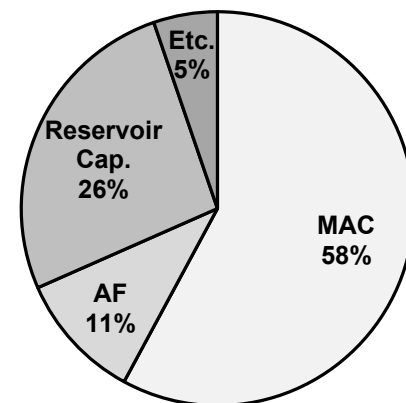
- 4 Gb AiM die with 16 processing units (PUs)

AiM Die Photograph



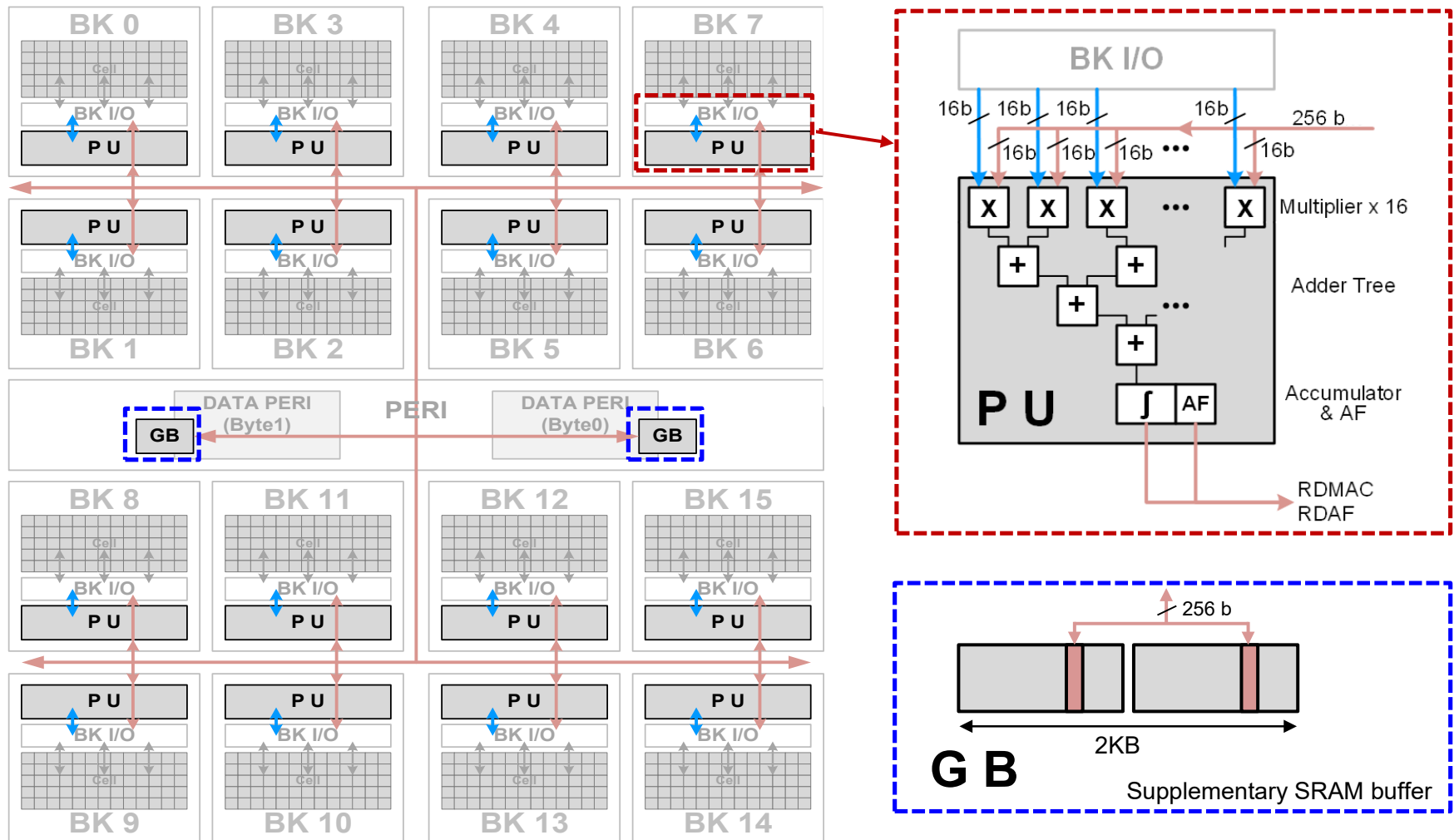
1 Process Unit (PU) Area

Total	0.19mm ²
MAC	0.11mm ²
Activation Function (AF)	0.02mm ²
Reservoir Cap.	0.05mm ²
Etc.	0.01mm ²



SK hynix AiM: System Organization (2022)

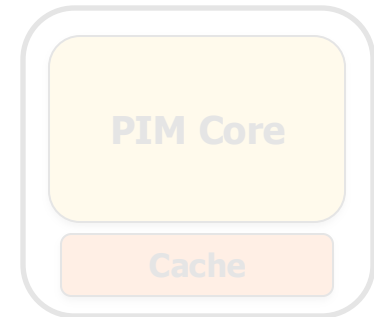
■ GDDR6-based AiM architecture



Possible PNM Designs

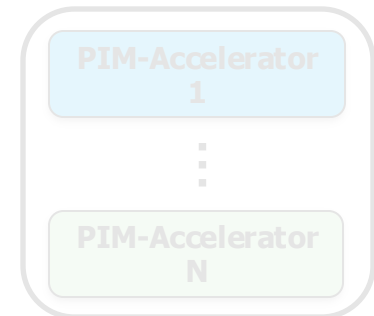
General-purpose programmable cores

- ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
- ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM



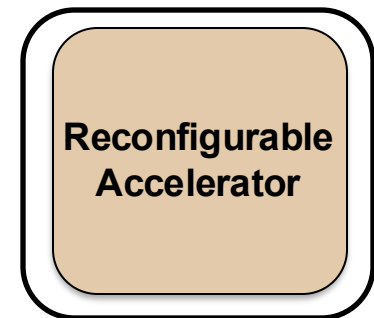
Fixed-function units

- ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM



Reconfigurable architectures

- ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
- ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



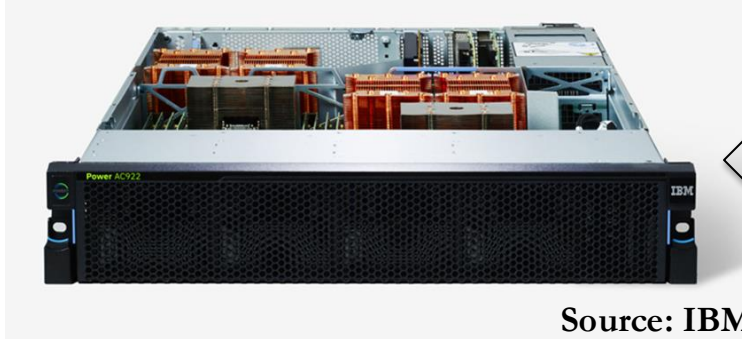
FPGA-based Processing Near Memory

- Gagandeep Singh, Dionysios Diamantopoulos, Christoph Hagleitner, Juan Gómez-Luna, Sander Stuijk, Onur Mutlu, and Henk Corporaal,
"NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling"
Proceedings of the 30th International Conference on Field-Programmable Logic and Applications (FPL), Gothenburg, Sweden, September 2020.

NERO: A Near High-Bandwidth Memory Stencil Accelerator for Weather Prediction Modeling

Gagandeep Singh^{a,b,c} Dionysios Diamantopoulos^c Christoph Hagleitner^c Juan Gómez-Luna^b
Sander Stuijk^a Onur Mutlu^b Henk Corporaal^a
^aEindhoven University of Technology ^bETH Zürich ^cIBM Research Europe, Zurich

Heterogeneous System: CPU+FPGA



Source: IBM

POWER9 AC922



Source: AlphaData

**DDR4-based AD9V3
board**

We evaluate two POWER9+FPGA systems:

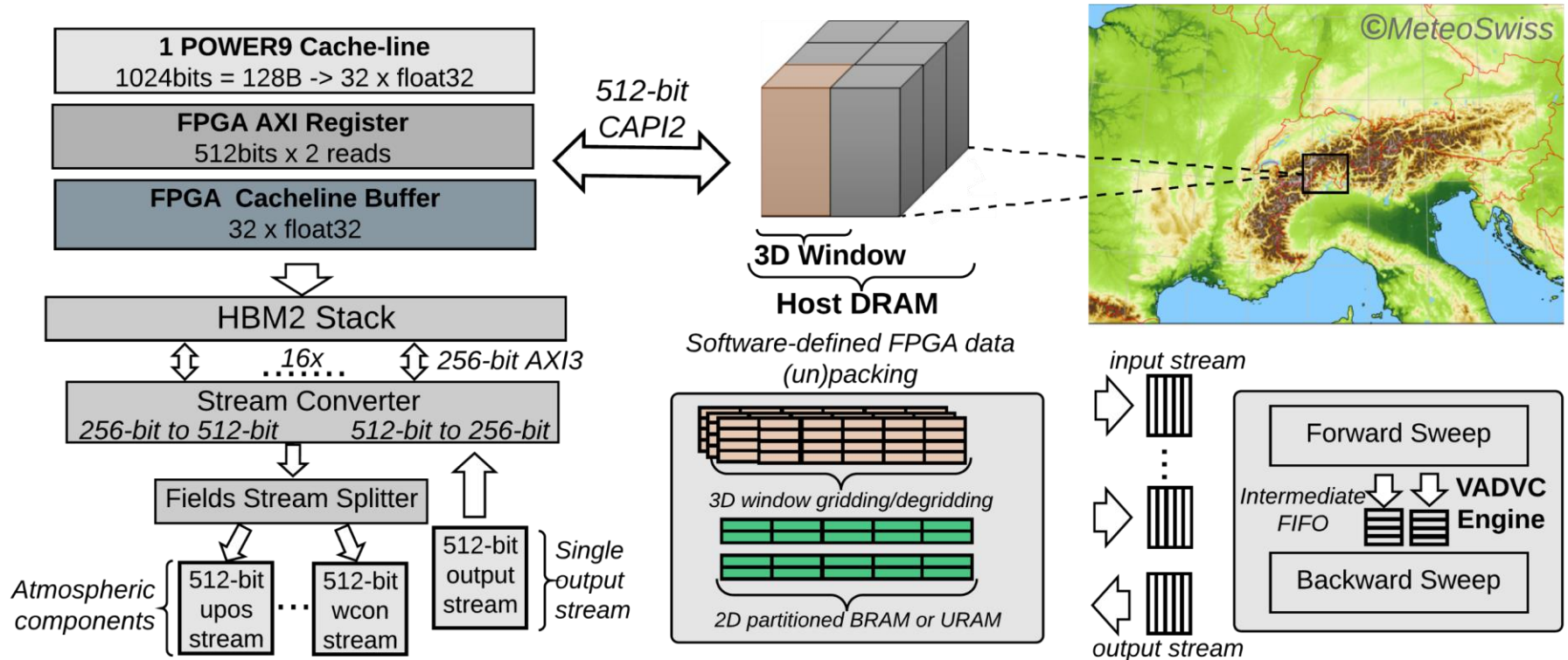
1. HBM-based board AD9H7

Xilinx Virtex Ultrascale+™ XCVU37P-2**AD9V3**

2. DDR4-based board

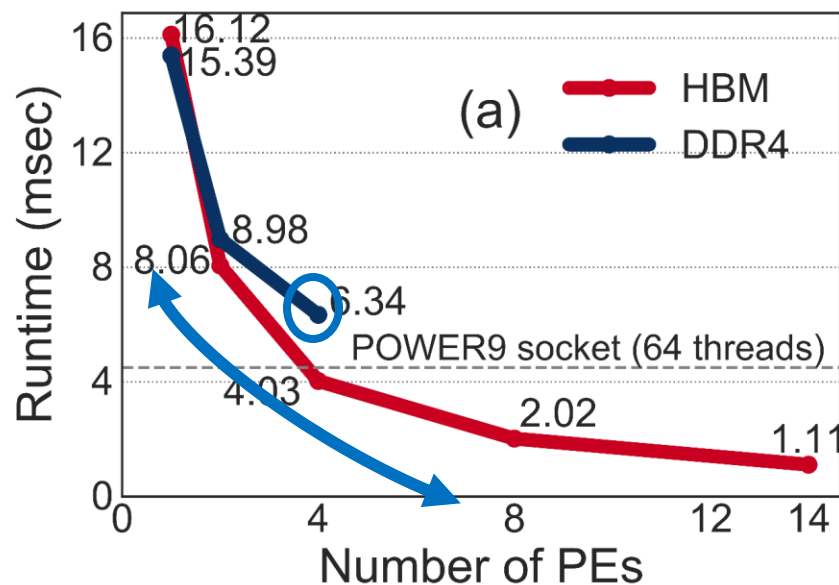
Xilinx Virtex Ultrascale+™ XCVU3P-2

NERO Design Flow

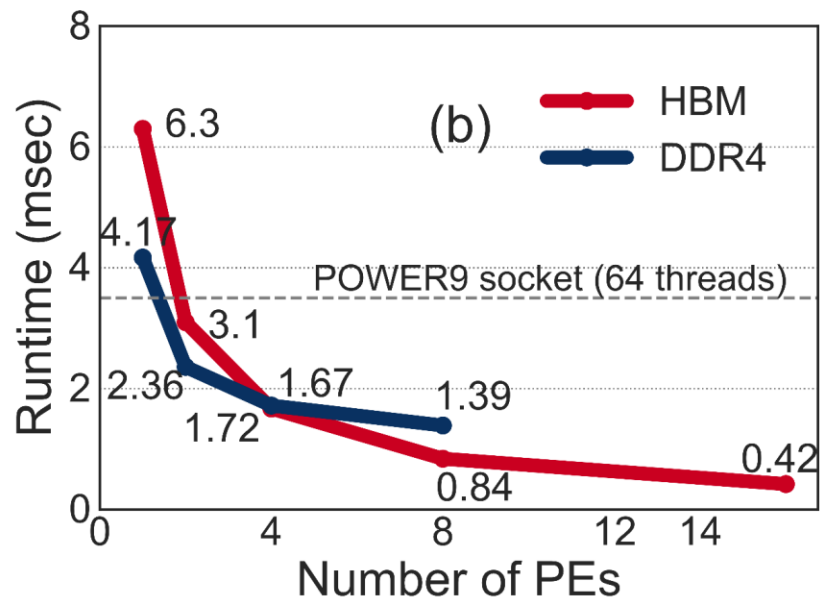


NERO Performance Analysis

Vertical Advection



Horizontal Diffusion

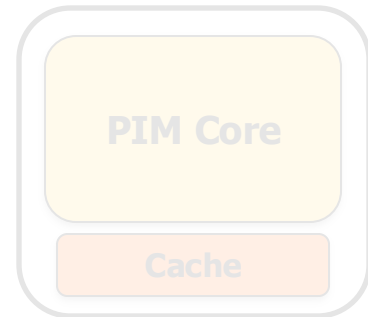


**NERO is 4.2x and 8.3x faster than
a complete POWER9 socket**

Possible PNM Designs

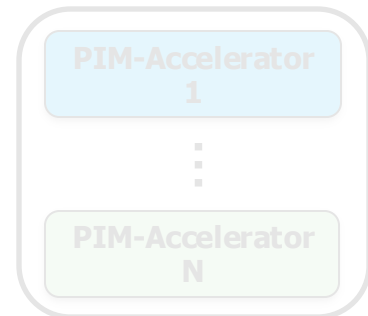
■ General-purpose programmable cores

- ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
- ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM



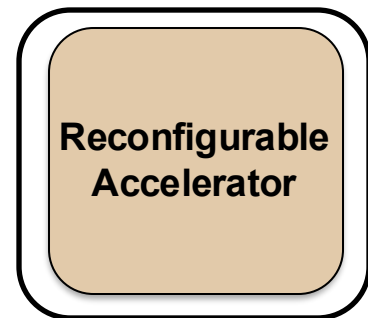
■ Fixed-function units

- ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
- ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM



■ Reconfigurable architectures

- ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
- ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
- ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



Samsung AxDIMM (2021)

Samsung Brings In-Memory Processing Power to Wider Range of Applications

Korea on August 24, 2021

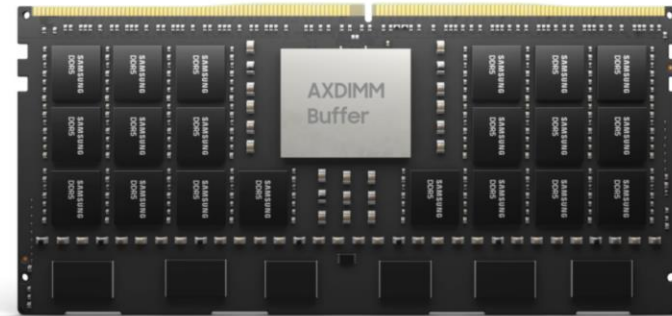
Audio Share

Integration of HBM-PIM with the Xilinx Alveo AI accelerator system will boost overall system performance by 2.5X while reducing energy consumption by more than 60%

PIM architecture will be broadly deployed beyond HBM, to include mainstream DRAM modules and mobile memory

Samsung Electronics, the world leader in advanced memory technology, today showcased its latest advancements with processing-in-memory (PIM) technology at Hot Chips 33—a leading semiconductor conference where the most notable microprocessor and IC innovations are unveiled each year. Samsung's revelations include the first successful integration of its PIM-enabled High Bandwidth Memory (HBM-PIM) into a commercialized accelerator system, and broadened PIM applications to embrace DRAM modules and mobile memory, in accelerating the move toward the convergence of memory and logic.

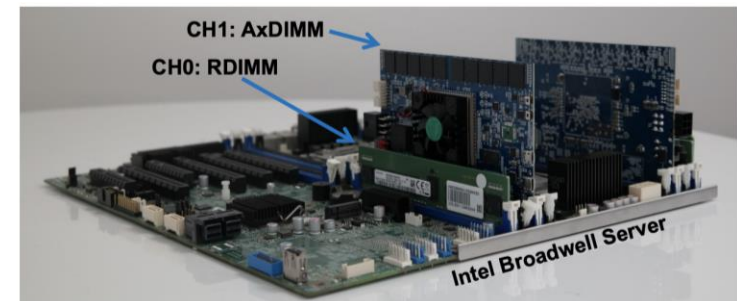
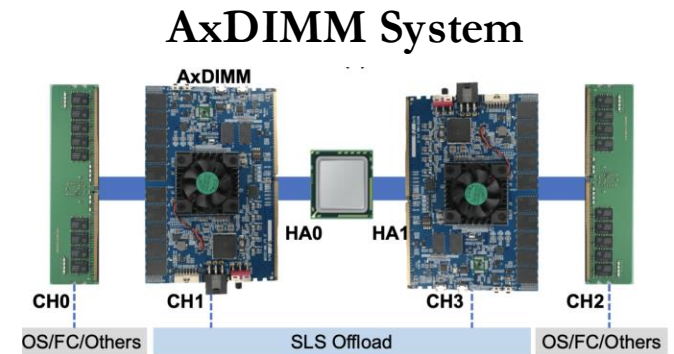
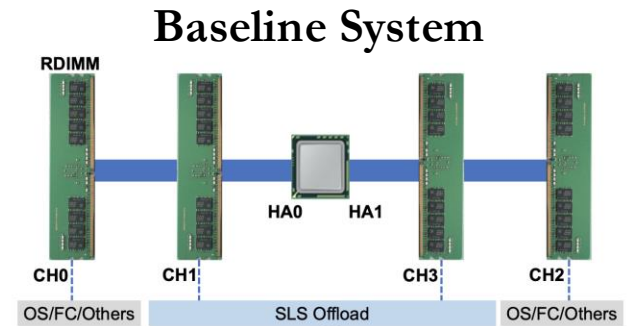
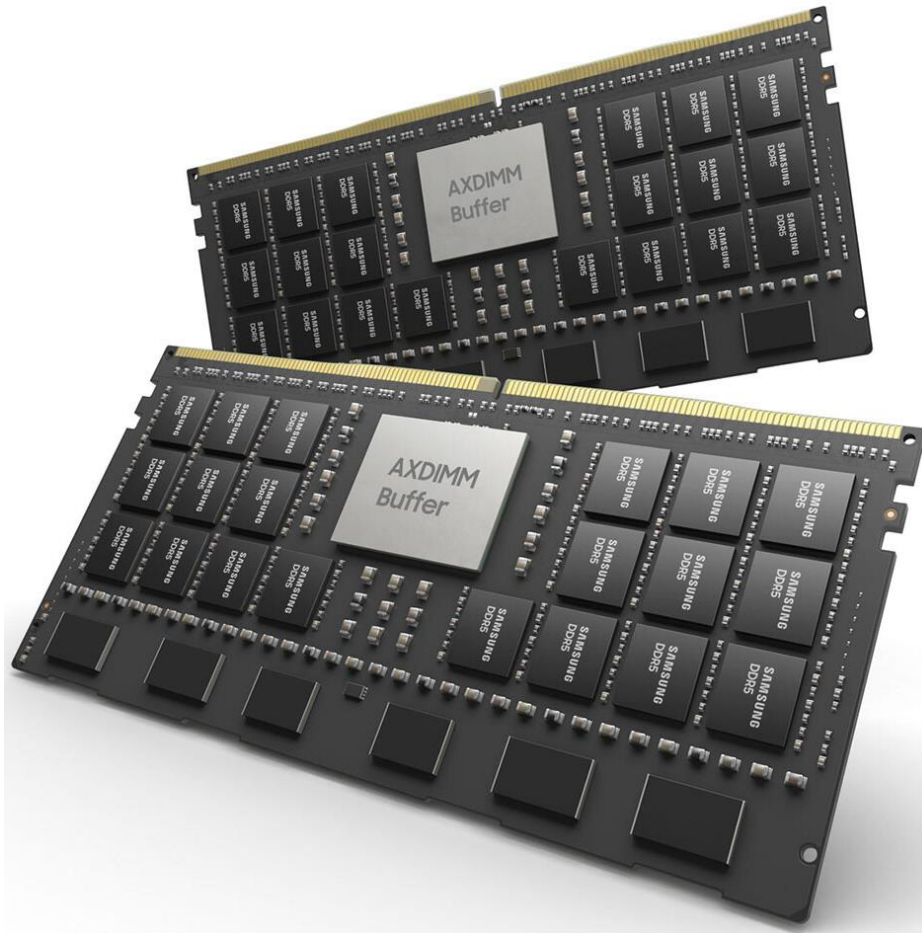
DRAM Modules Powered by PIM



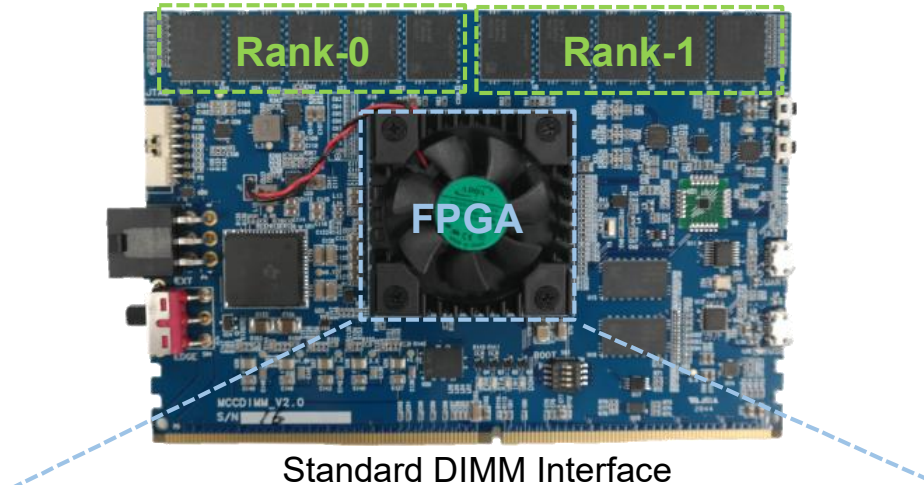
The Acceleration DIMM (AXDIMM) brings processing to the DRAM module itself, minimizing large data movement between the CPU and DRAM to boost the energy efficiency of AI accelerator systems. With an AI engine built inside the buffer chip, the AXDIMM can perform parallel processing of multiple memory ranks (sets of DRAM chips) instead of accessing just one rank at a time, greatly enhancing system performance and efficiency. Since the module can retain its traditional DIMM form factor, the AXDIMM facilitates drop-in replacement without requiring system modifications. Currently being tested on customer servers, the AXDIMM can offer approximately twice the performance in AI-based recommendation applications and a 40% decrease in system-wide energy usage.

Samsung AxDIMM (2021)

- DIMM-based PIM
 - DLRM recommendation system

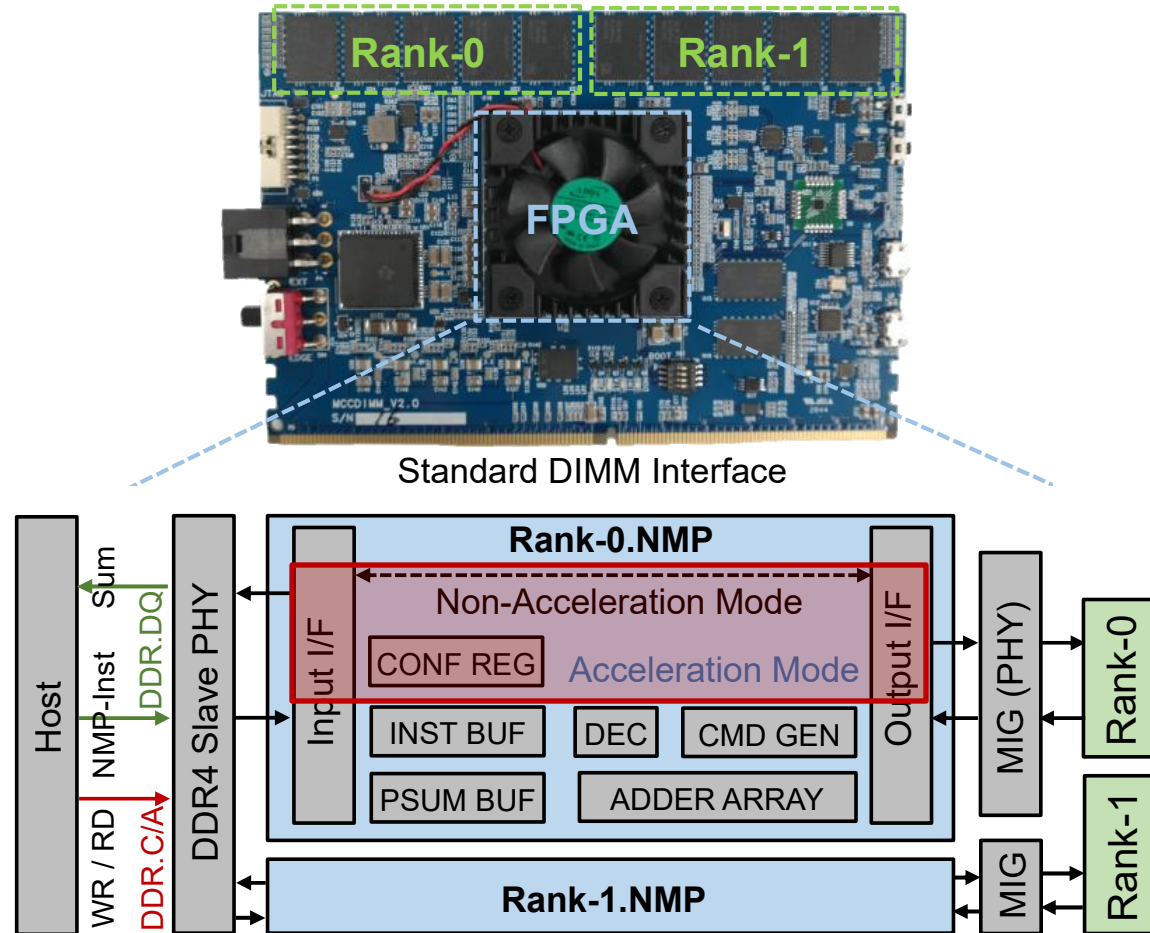


AxDIMM Design: Hardware Architecture



FPGA board with standard DIMM interface:
It serves as a real-system
near-memory processing implementation

AxDIMM Design: Hardware Architecture



Two **execution modes**:
(1) non-acceleration mode
(2) acceleration mode (blocking)

Near-Memory Processing in Action: Accelerating Personalized Recommendation with AxDIMM

Liu Ke^{*†}, Xuan Zhang[†], Jinin So[‡], Jong-Geon Lee[‡], Shin-Haeng Kang[‡], Sukhan Lee[‡], Songyi Han[‡], YeonGon Cho[‡],
JIN Hyun Kim[‡], Yongsuk Kwon[‡], KyungSoo Kim[‡], Jin Jung[‡], Ilkwon Yun[‡], Sung Joo Park[‡], Hyunsun Park[‡],
Joonho Song[‡], Jeonghyeon Cho[‡], Kyomin Sohn[‡], Nam Sung Kim[‡], Hsien-Hsin S. Lee^{*}

^{*}Facebook, [†]Washington University in St. Louis, [‡]Samsung

An Architecture of Sparse Length Sum Accelerator in AxDIMM

Shin-haeng Kang
DRAM Design Team 1
Samsung Electronics
Hwasung, South Korea
s-h.kang@samsung.com

Byeongho Kim
DRAM Design Team 1
Samsung Electronics
Hwasung, South Korea
bh1122.kim@samsung.com

Sukhan Lee
DRAM Design Team 1
Samsung Electronics
Hwasung, South Korea
sh1026.lee@samsung.com

Kyomin Sohn
DRAM Design Team 1
Samsung Electronics
Hwasung, South Korea
kyomin.sohn@samsung.com

Improving In-Memory Database Operations with Acceleration DIMM (AxDIMM)

Donghun Lee
Minseon Ahn
Jungmin Kim
dong.hun.lee@sap.com
minseon.ahn@sap.com
jungmin.kim@sap.com
SAP Labs Korea

Jinin So
Jong-Geon Lee
Jeonghyeon Cho
Vishnu Charan Thummala
jinin.so@samsung.com
jg1021.lee@samsung.com
caleb1@samsung.com
vishnu.c.t@samsung.com
Samsung Electronics

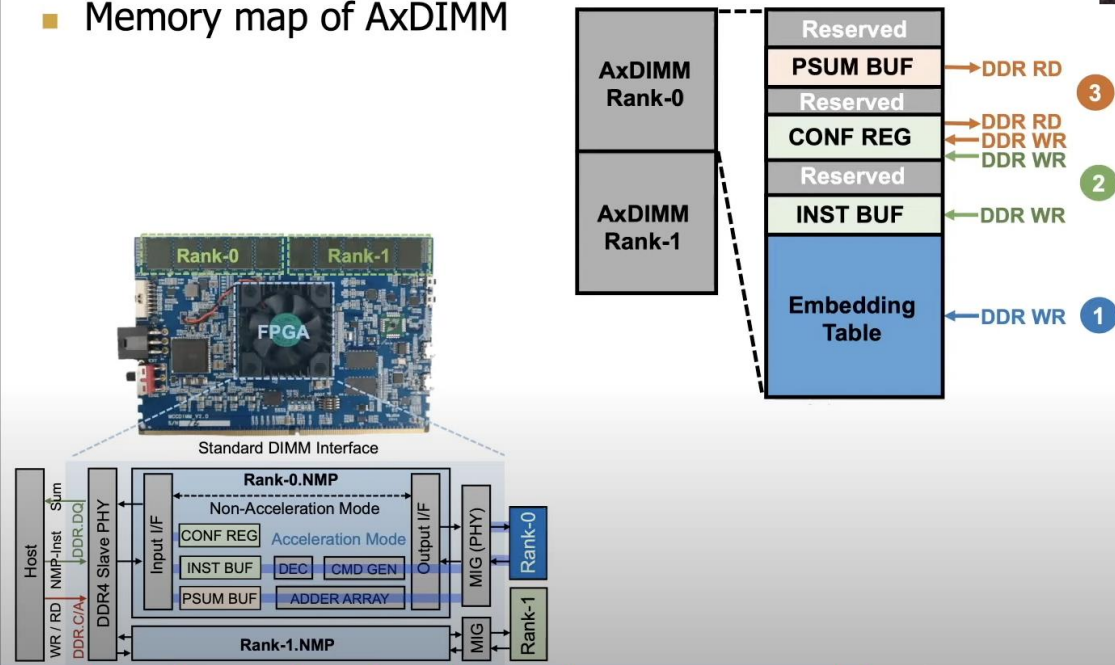
Oliver Rebholz
oliver.rebholz@sap.com
SAP SE

Ravi Shankar JV
Sachin Suresh Upadhyaya
Mohammed Ibrahim Khan
Jin Hyun Kim
venkata.ravi@samsung.com
sachin1.s@samsung.com
ibrahim.khan@samsung.com
kjh5555@samsung.com
Samsung Electronics

Longer Lecture on AxDIMM

AxDIMM Design: Address Map

■ Memory map of AxDIMM



PIM Course: Lecture 7: Real-world PIM: Samsung AxDIMM - Fall 2022



Onur Mutlu Lectures

32.4K subscribers



Subscribed

21



Share

Clip

Save



846 views 4 months ago Livestream - P&S Data-Centric Architectures: Fundamentally Improving Performance and Energy (Fall 2022)

Projects & Seminars, ETH Zürich, Fall 2022

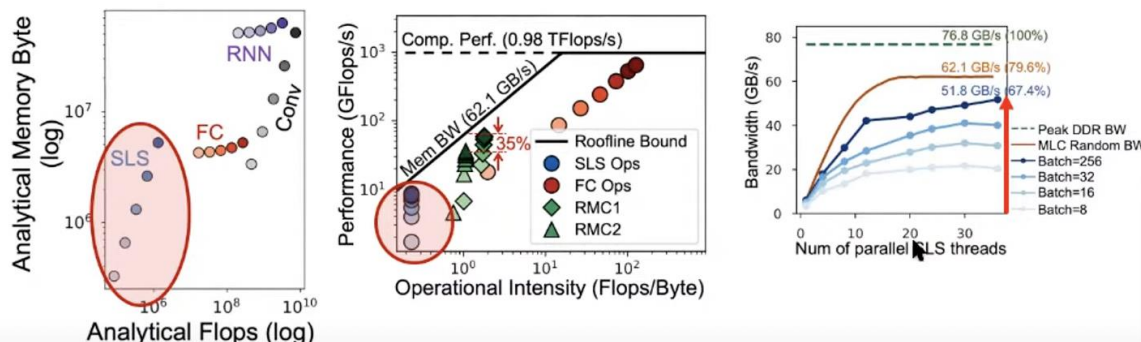
Data-Centric Architectures: Fundamentally Improving Performance and Energy

(https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_s...) Show more

Another Longer Lecture on AxDIMM

DLRM Performance Characterization

- Identifying **key performance bottlenecks** for the DLRM system



SparseLengths (SLS) operators:

- Low FP intensity
- Larger batch size:
 - Higher memory footprint
 - Higher memory intensity

The **memory bandwidth** can easily be **saturated** by embedding operations especially as both the batch size and the number of threads increase

Processing in Memory Course: Meeting 5: Real-world PIM architectures IV - Fall'21



Onur Mutlu Lectures

32.4K subscribers



Subscribed



18



Share



Clip



Save



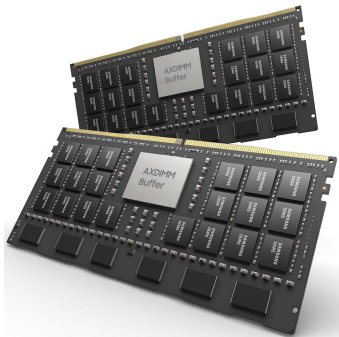
676 views Streamed 1 year ago Livestream - P&S Exploring the Processing-in-Memory Paradigm for Future Computing Systems (Fall 2021)

Project & Seminar, ETH Zürich, Fall 2021

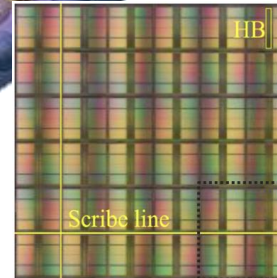
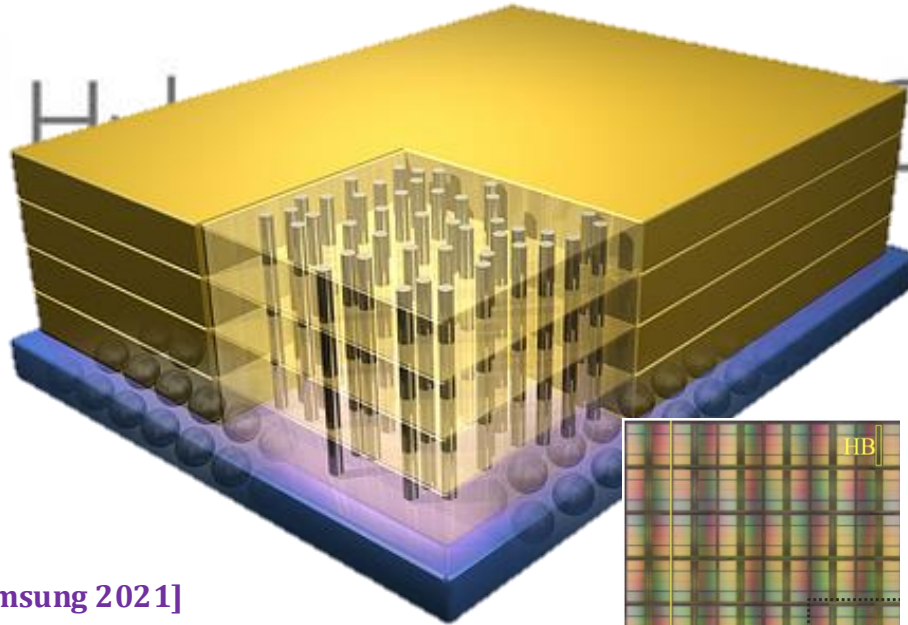
Exploring the Processing-in-Memory Paradigm for Future Computing Systems (https://safari.ethz.ch/projects_and_s...)

Show more

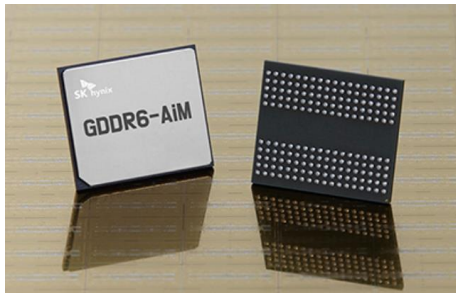
Processing-in-Memory Landscape Today



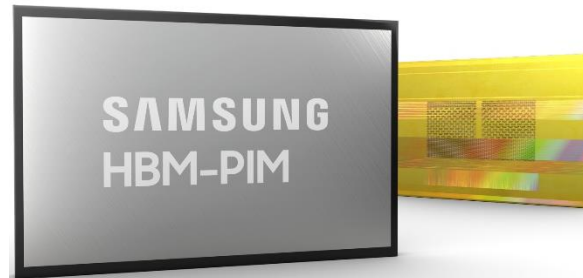
[Samsung 2021]



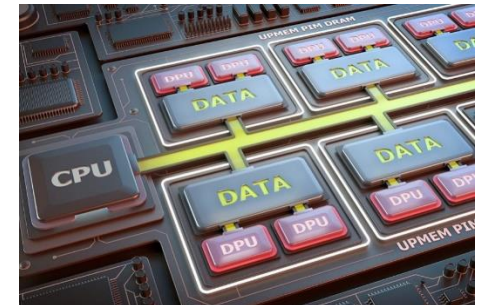
[Alibaba 2022]



[SK Hynix 2022]



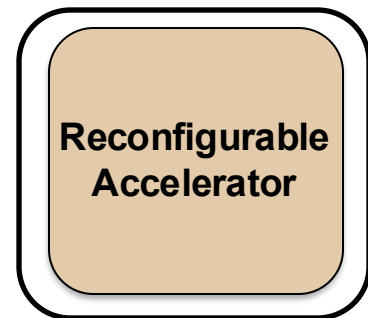
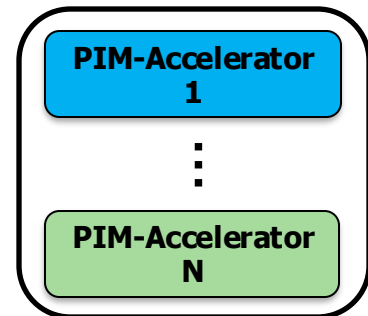
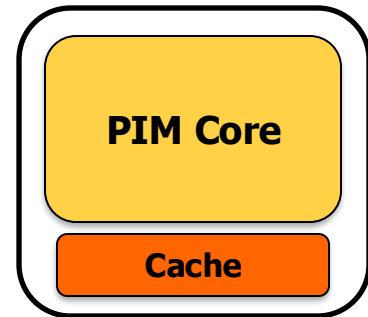
[Samsung 2021]



[UPMEM 2019]

Possible PNM Designs

- **General-purpose** programmable cores
 - ❑ Wimpy cores (possibility of running any workload)
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Tesseract PIM for Graph Processing
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: UPMEM PIM
- **Fixed-function** units
 - ❑ Hardware/software co-designed PIM for efficiency
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: Mensa for NN Edge Inference
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung HBM-PIM, SK hynix AiM
- **Reconfigurable** architectures
 - ❑ PNM cores coupled with FPGAs, CGRA
 - ❑ E.g. from academia: NERO for Weather Prediction
 - ❑ E.g. from industry: Samsung AxDIMM



Research Tools PNM: DAMOV-SIM

- Geraldo F. Oliveira, Juan Gomez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Saugata Ghose, Nandita Vijaykumar, Ivan fernandez, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,
"DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks"
IEEE Access, 8 September 2021.
Preprint in arXiv, 8 May 2021.
[[arXiv preprint](#)]
[[IEEE Access version](#)]
[[DAMOV Suite and Simulator Source Code](#)]
[[SAFARI Live Seminar Video](#) (2 hrs 40 mins)]
[[Short Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

LOIS OROSA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

SAUGATA GHOSE, University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign, USA

NANDITA VIJAYKUMAR, University of Toronto, Canada

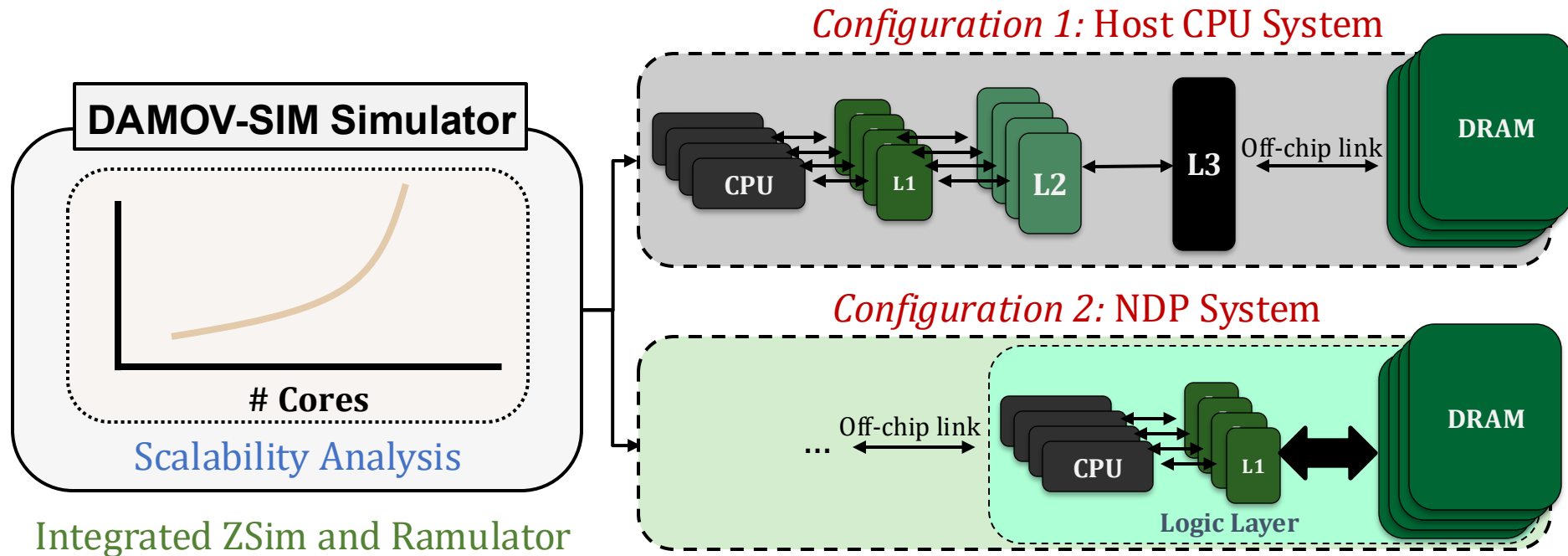
IVAN FERNANDEZ, University of Malaga, Spain & ETH Zürich, Switzerland

MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Step 3: Memory Bottleneck Classification (2/2)

- **Goal:** identify the specific sources of data movement bottlenecks



- **Scalability Analysis:**
 - 1, 4, 16, 64, and 256 out-of-order/in-order host and NDP CPU cores
 - 3D-stacked memory as main memory

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our **benchmark suite** and our **toolchain**

CMU-SAFARI / DAMOV

<> Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags

Go to file

Add file

Code

About



DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing. Described by Oliveira et al. (preliminary version at <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.03725.pdf>)

Readme

Releases

No releases published
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published
[Publish your first package](#)

Languages



omutlu Update README.md

ce1b4ea 17 days ago 5 commits

simulator	Cleaning	19 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	17 days ago
get_workloads.sh	DAMOV -- first commit	19 days ago

README.md

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing.

The DAMOV benchmark suite is the first open-source benchmark suite for main memory data movement-related studies, based on our systematic characterization methodology. This suite consists of 144 functions representing different sources of data movement bottlenecks and can be used as a baseline benchmark set for future data-movement mitigation research. The applications in the DAMOV benchmark suite belong to popular benchmark suites, including [BWA](#), [Chai](#), [Darknet](#), [GASE](#), [Hardware Effects](#), [Hashjoin](#), [HPCC](#), [HPCG](#), [Ligra](#), [PARSEC](#), [Parboil](#), [PolyBench](#), [Phoenix](#), [Rodinia](#), [SPLASH-2](#), [STREAM](#).

DAMOV-SIM

DAMOV
Benchmarks

DAMOV is Open Source

- We open-source our **benchmark suite** and our **toolchain**

CMU-SAFARI / DAMOV

<> Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags

Go to file

Add file

Code

About

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a

Get DAMOV at:

<https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/DAMOV>

README.md

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

DAMOV is a benchmark suite and a methodical framework targeting the study of data movement bottlenecks in modern applications. It is intended to study new architectures, such as near-data processing.

The DAMOV benchmark suite is the first open-source benchmark suite for main memory data movement-related studies, based on our systematic characterization methodology. This suite consists of 144 functions representing different sources of data movement bottlenecks and can be used as a baseline benchmark set for future data-movement mitigation research. The applications in the DAMOV benchmark suite belong to popular benchmark suites, including [BWA](#), [Chai](#), [Darknet](#), [GASE](#), [Hardware Effects](#), [Hashjoin](#), [HPCC](#), [HPCG](#), [Ligra](#), [PARSEC](#), [Parboil](#), [PolyBench](#), [Phoenix](#), [Rodinia](#), [SPLASH-2](#), [STREAM](#).

Readme

Releases

No releases published
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published
[Publish your first package](#)

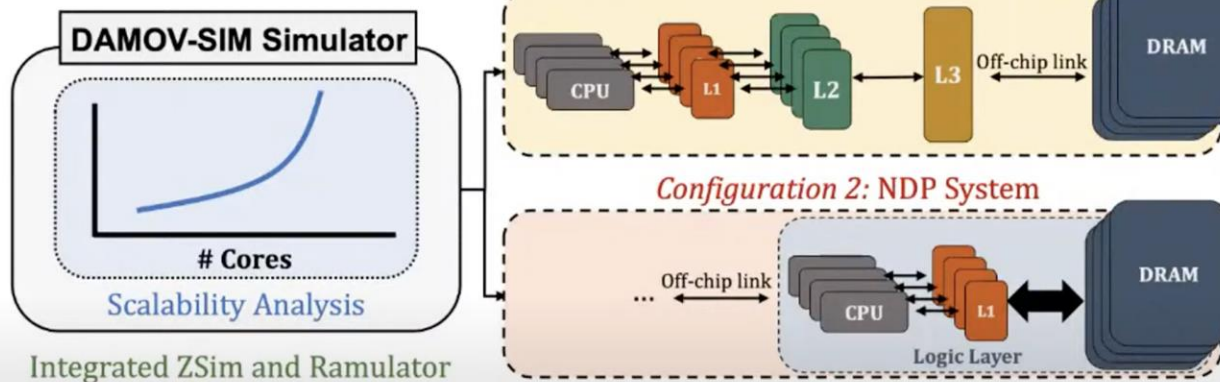
Languages



More on DAMOV Analysis Methodology & Workloads

Step 3: Memory Bottleneck Classification (2/)

- **Goal:** identify the specific sources of data movement bottlenecks



- **Scalability Analysis:**
 - 1, 4, 16, 64, and 256 out-of-order/in-order host and NDP CPU cores
 - 3D-stacked memory as main memory

DAMOV-SIM: <https://github.com/CMU-SAFARI/DAMOV>

SAFARI Live Seminar: DAMOV: A New Methodology & Benchmark Suite for Data Movement Bottlenecks

352 views • Streamed live on Jul 22, 2021

18 0 SHARE SAVE ...



Onur Mutlu Lectures
17.7K subscribers

ANALYTICS

EDIT VIDEO

More on DAMOV Methods & Benchmarks

- Geraldo F. Oliveira, Juan Gomez-Luna, Lois Orosa, Saugata Ghose, Nandita Vijaykumar, Ivan fernandez, Mohammad Sadrosadati, and Onur Mutlu,
"DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks"
IEEE Access, 8 September 2021.
*Preprint in **arXiv***, 8 May 2021.
[[arXiv preprint](#)]
[[IEEE Access version](#)]
[[DAMOV Suite and Simulator Source Code](#)]
[[SAFARI Live Seminar Video](#) (2 hrs 40 mins)]
[[Short Talk Video](#) (21 minutes)]

DAMOV: A New Methodology and Benchmark Suite for Evaluating Data Movement Bottlenecks

GERALDO F. OLIVEIRA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

JUAN GÓMEZ-LUNA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

LOIS OROSA, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

SAUGATA GHOSE, University of Illinois at Urbana–Champaign, USA

NANDITA VIJAYKUMAR, University of Toronto, Canada

IVAN FERNANDEZ, University of Malaga, Spain & ETH Zürich, Switzerland

MOHAMMAD SADROSADATI, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

ONUR MUTLU, ETH Zürich, Switzerland

Research Tools PNM: Samsung HBM-PIM

<https://github.com/SAITPublic/PIMSimulator>

SAITPublic / PIMSimulator Public

Notifications F

<> Code Issues 14 Pull requests 2 Actions Projects Security Insights

dev 1 Branch Tags

Go to file

<> Code

iamshcha Reformat and some fixes 8a90a6e · 5 months ago 14 Commits

data	Initial commit	2 years ago
dump	Initial commit	2 years ago
ini	Initial commit	2 years ago
lib	Initial commit	2 years ago
src	Reformat and some fixes	5 months ago
tools/emulator_api	Modified to swap rows only for emulation paths	last year
.gitignore	Initial commit	2 years ago
LICENSE-DRAMSIM2	Initial commit	2 years ago
LICENSE-PIMSimulator	Initial commit	2 years ago
README.md	Modified the prerequisite installation method	9 months ago
Sconstruct	Initial commit	2 years ago
system_hbm.ini	Initial commit	2 years ago
system_hbm_1ch.ini	Initial commit	2 years ago
system_hbm_64ch.ini	Initial commit	2 years ago

About

Processing-In-Memory (PIM) Simulator

Readme

View license

Activity

Custom properties

126 stars

3 watching

42 forks

Report repository

Releases

No releases published

Packages

No packages published

Languages

C++ 99.6%

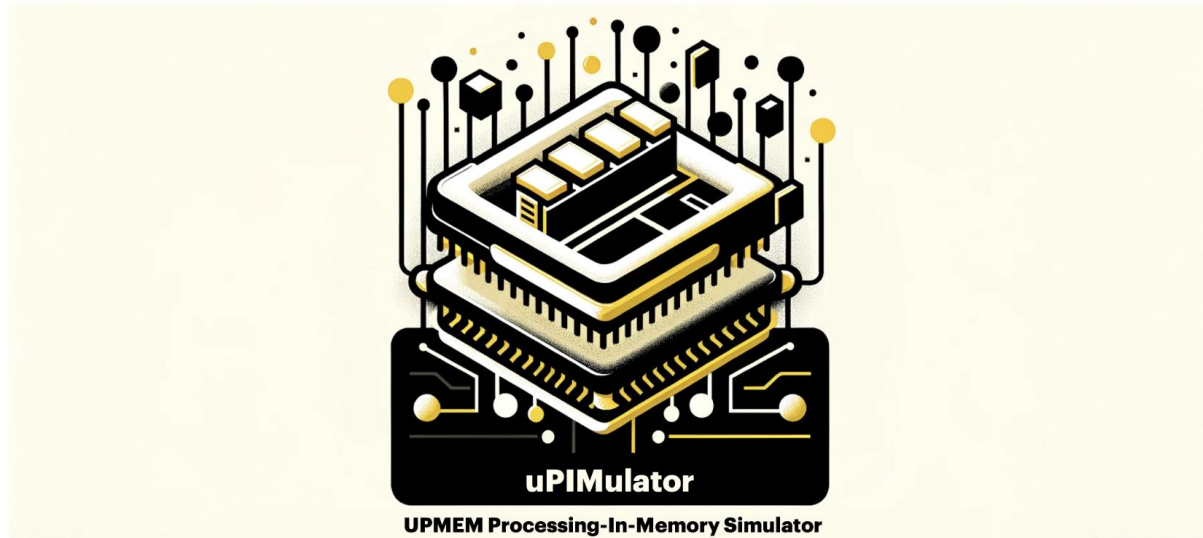
Python 0.4%

Research Tools PNM: UPMEM PIM (I)

<https://github.com/VIA-Research/uPIMulator>

📖 README 📄 MIT license

📖 Introduction



Welcome to the uPIMulator Framework Documentation!

This documentation serves as your comprehensive guide to the uPIMulator framework, catering to both novice and experienced researchers. Here, you'll find the resources necessary to leverage uPIMulator effectively for your research projects.

We provide in-depth coverage of uPIMulator's features, from foundational concepts to advanced functionalities. Explore this documentation to unlock the full potential of uPIMulator and elevate your research endeavors.

Research Tools PNM: UPMEM PIM (II)

<https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10476411/>

2024 IEEE International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA)

Pathfinding Future PIM Architectures by Demystifying a Commercial PIM Technology

Bongjoon Hyun Taehun Kim Dongjae Lee Minsoo Rhu

KAIST

`{bongjoon.hyun, taehun.kim, dongjae.lee, mrhu}@kaist.ac.kr`

3rd Workshop on Memory-Centric Computing: Processing-Near-Memory

Dr. Geraldo F. Oliveira

<https://geraldofojunior.github.io>

ISCA 2025

21 June 2025